## **Guided Reciprocal Peer Questioning**

Generic Questions	Specific Thinking Skills Induced	Blooms
What is a new example of?	Application	Applying
How could be used to?	Application	Applying
What would happen if?	Prediction/hypothesizing	Evaluating
What are the implications of?	Analysis/inference	Analyzing
What are the strengths and weakness of?	Analysis/inference	Analyzing
	Identification and creation of analogies and	
What is analogous to?	metaphors	Creating
What do we already know about?	Activation of prior knowledge	Remembering
How does affect?	Analysis of relationship (cause-effect)	Understanding
How does tie in with what we have learned before?	Activation of prior knowledge	Remembering
Explain why?	Analysis	Analyzing
Explain how?	Analysis	Analyzing
What is the meaning of?	Analysis	Analyzing
Why is important?	Analysis of significance	Applying
What is the difference between and?	Comparison-contrast	Analyzing
How are and similar?	Comparison-contrast	Analyzing
How does apply to everyday life?	Applicationto the real world	Applying
What is the counterargument for?	Rebuttal argument	Evaluating
What is the best and why?	Evaluation and provision of evidence	Evaluating
What are some possible solutions to the problem of?	Synthesis of ideas	Creating
Compare and with regards to?	Comparison-contrast	Analyzing
What do you think causes? Why?	Analysis of relationship (cause-effect)	Evaluating
Do you agree or disagree with this statement? What evidence is there to support your answer?	Evaluation and provision of evidence	Evaluating
How do you think would see the issue of?	Taking other perspectives	Evaluating

**Source:** King A, *Inquiry as a tool in Critical Thinking* in CD.F Halpern and Associates (eds) Changing College Classrooms: New Teaching and Learning Strategies for an Increasingly Complex World. San Francisco: Jossey-Bass, 1994

## Using Bloom's Taxonomy: Examples of Open-Ended Questions for Use Across Disciplines

Remembering			
List three important details from the assigned reading			
From the text, list all of the that you can remember			
Define			
Label the parts of the			
Understanding			
Explain what is meant by			
Paraphrase			
Applying			
Illustrate how you could apply the principle of to your life			
Explain how you could (would) have solved the problem			
Put in graph form			
Analyzing			
Analyze from the perspective of			
Simplify theto its basic components			
Search throughto find as many principles of as possible			
Creating			
Create a new from the information given in this chapter			
Design a model ofusingprinciples			
Develop a plan for the improvement of			
Formulate an innovative idea for			
<b>Evaluating</b>			
Decide whichis best			
Judge the effectiveness of			
Justify the actions of			
Which solutions would you choose? Justify your answer			

**Source:** King A, Questioning Techniques in the Classroom in CD.F Halpern and Associates (eds) Changing College Classrooms: New Teaching and Learning Strategies for an Increasingly Complex World. San Francisco: Jossey-Bass, 1994; Revised Anderson et. al (2001) A Taxonomy of learning and assessing: A revision of Bloom's taxonomy of educational objectives. New York NY