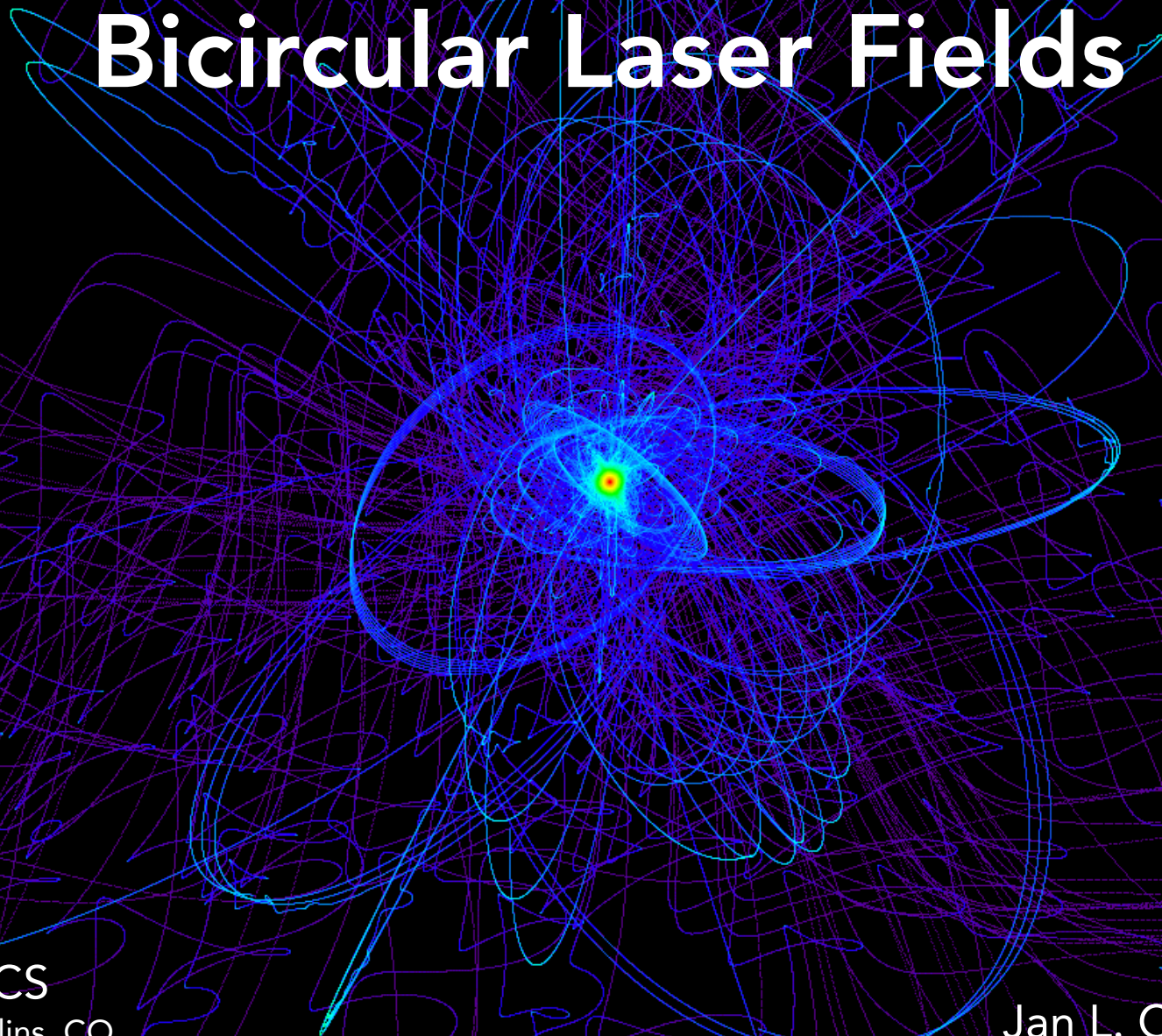


Ionization Dynamics in Intense Bicircular Laser Fields

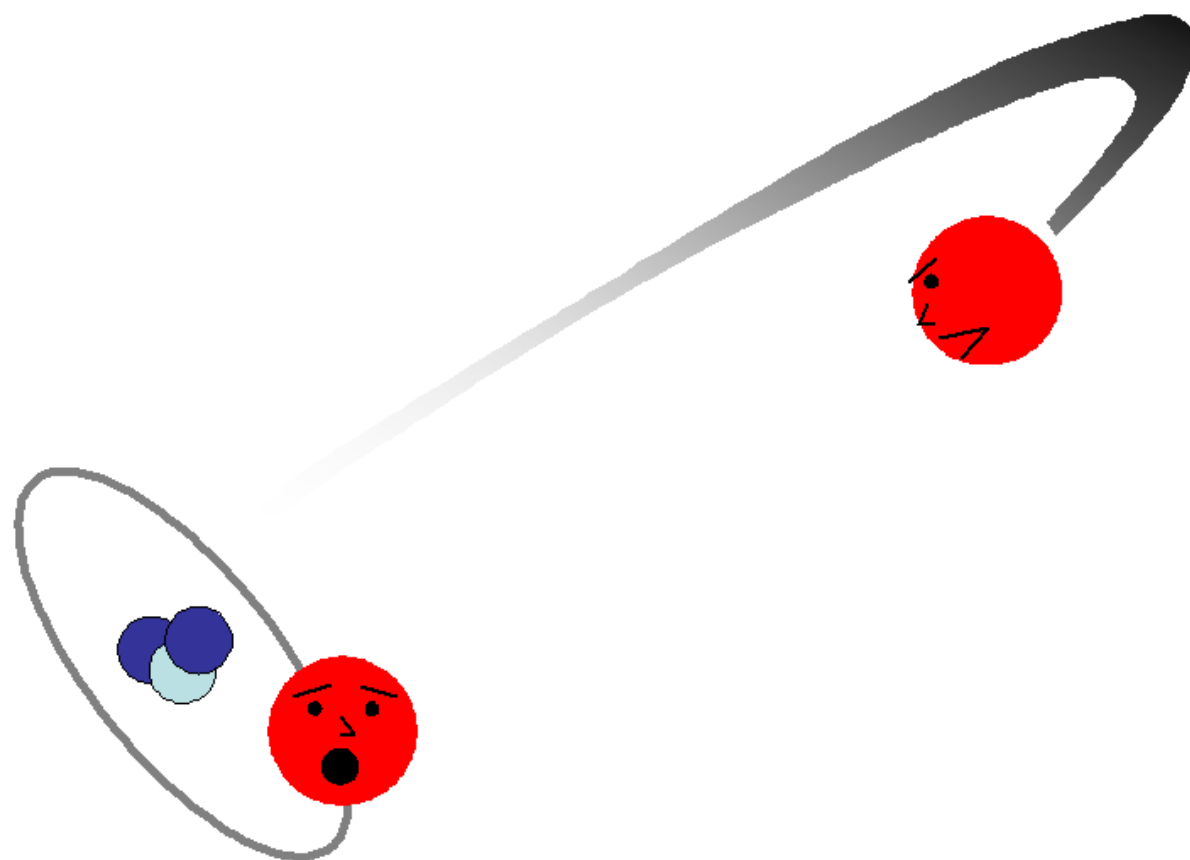


APS 4CS

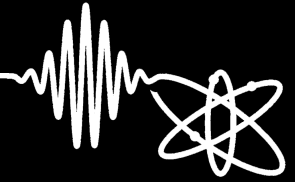
CSU – Ft. Collins, CO
20 October 2017

Jan L. Chaloupka
University of Northern Colorado





HHG with two-color, counter-rotating fields



nature
photonics

ARTICLES

PUBLISHED ONLINE: 8 DECEMBER 2014 | DOI: 10.1038/NPHOTON.2014.293

Generation of bright phase-matched circularly-polarized extreme ultraviolet high harmonics

Ofer Kfir^{1*}, Patrik Grychtol², Emrah Turgut², Ronny Knut^{2,3}, Dmitriy Zusin², Dimitar Popmintchev², Tenio Popmintchev², Hans Nembach^{2,3}, Justin M. Shaw³, Avner Fleischer^{1,4}, Henry Kapteyn², Margaret Murnane² and Oren Cohen^{1*}

RAPID COMMUNICATIONS

PHYSICAL REVIEW A

VOLUME 51, NUMBER 5

MAY 1995

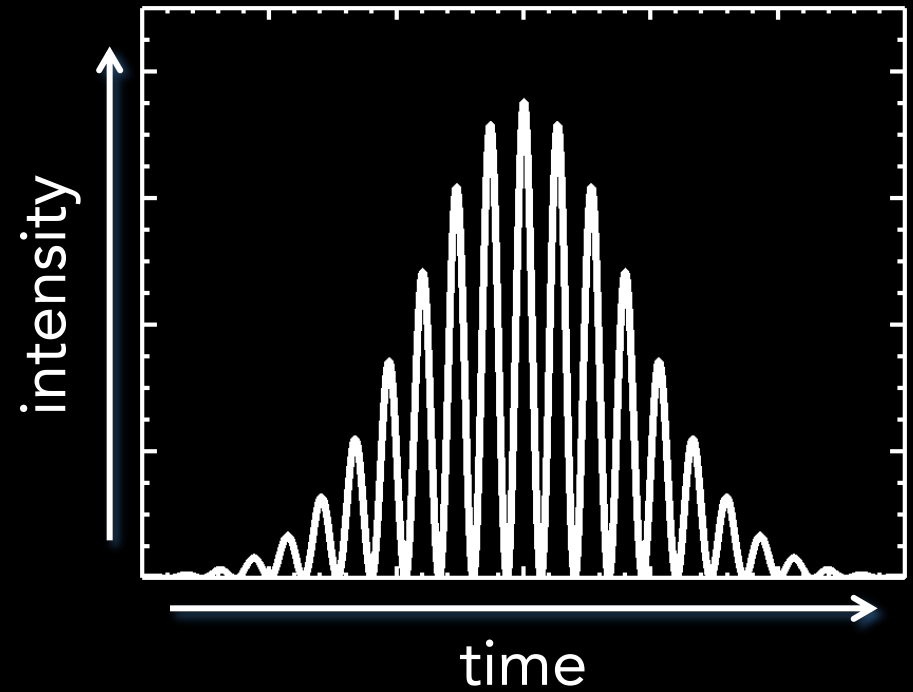
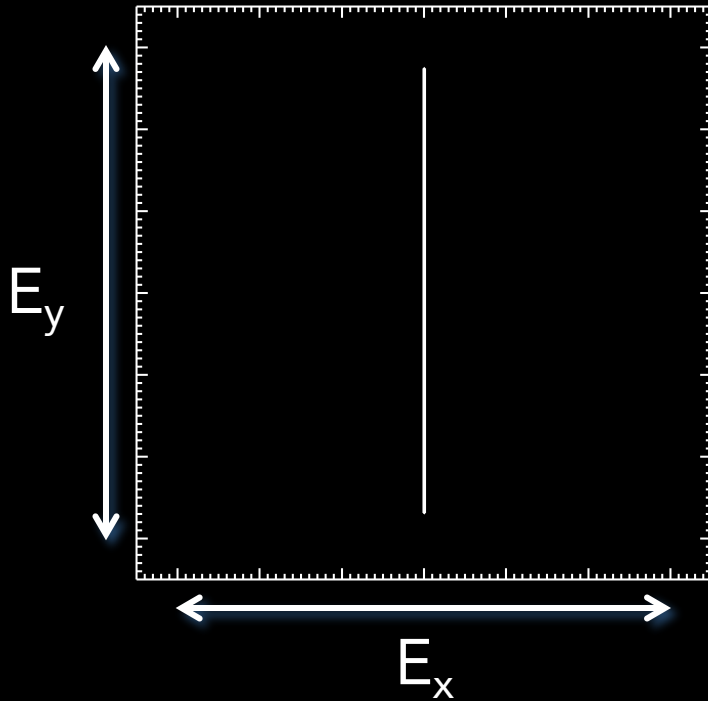
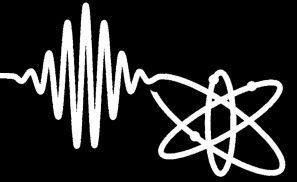
Polarization-dependent high-order two-color mixing

H. Eichmann, A. Egbert, S. Nolte, C. Momma, and B. Wellegehausen
Institut für Quantenoptik, Universität Hannover, Welfengarten 1, 30167 Hannover, Germany

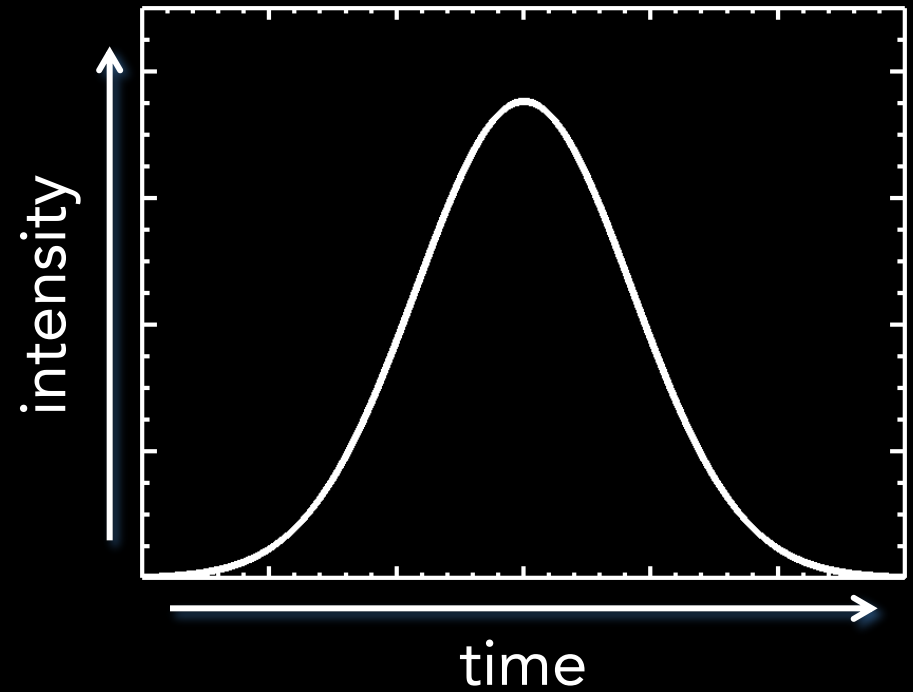
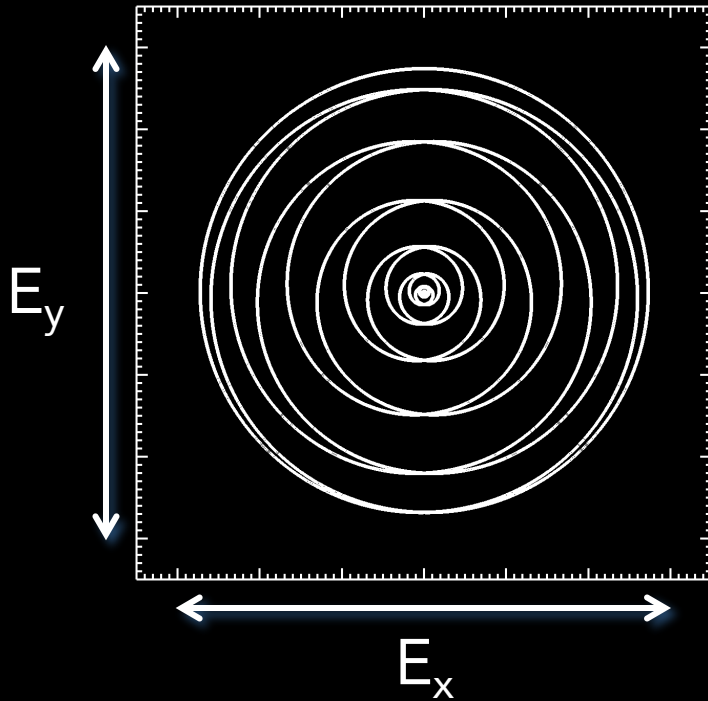
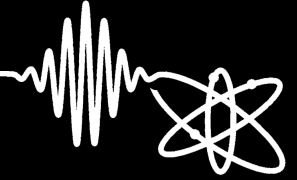
W. Becker,* S. Long, and J. K. McIver
Center for Advanced Studies, Department of Physics and Astronomy, University of New Mexico, Albuquerque, New Mexico 87131
(Received 1 December 1994)

High-order frequency mixing experiments using the radiation of a high-power Ti:sapphire laser and its second harmonic are described and discussed. Linearly and circularly polarized light fields with comparable intensities have been used. For the theoretical description a three-dimensional quantum-mechanical calculation with a δ -function potential has been applied, showing quite good agreement with the experiments.

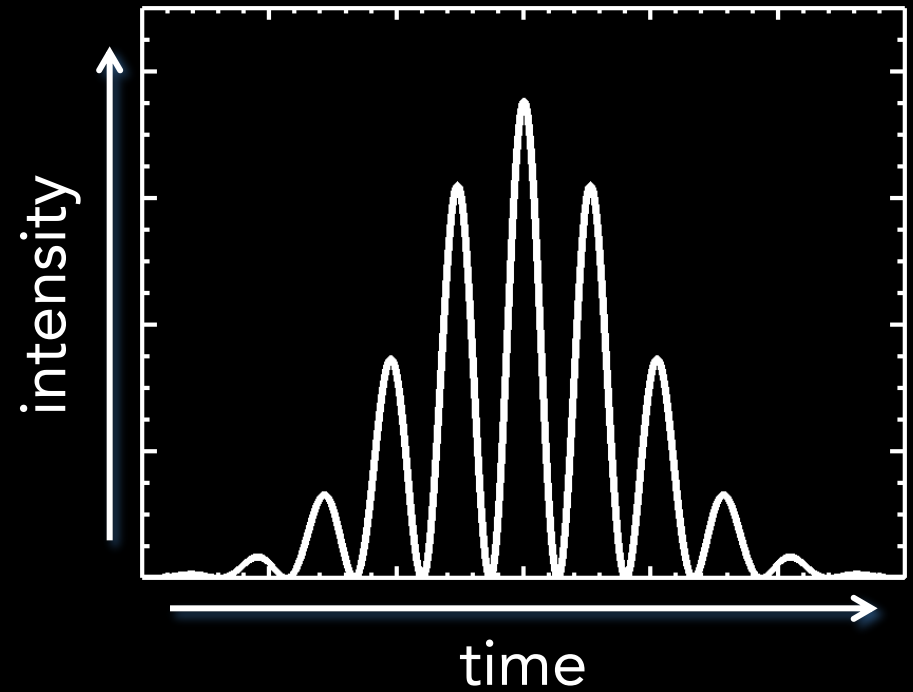
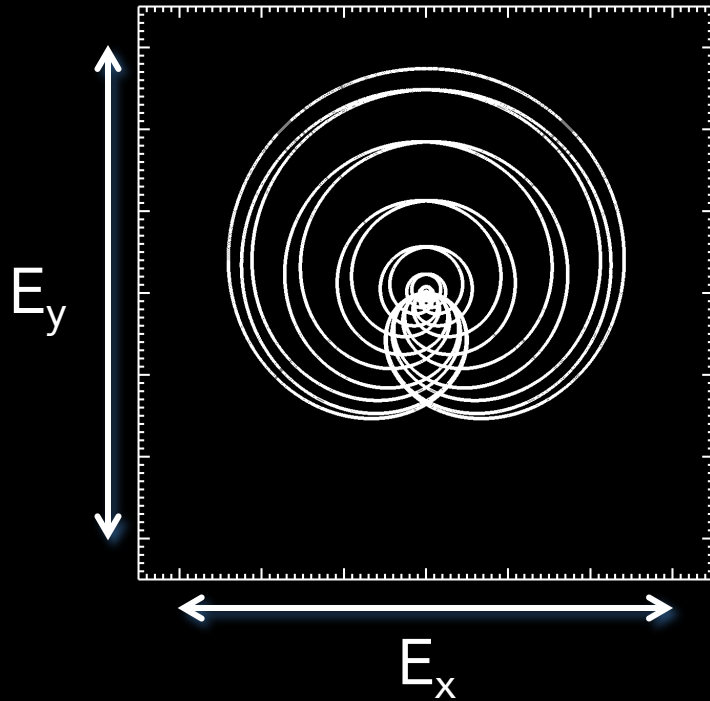
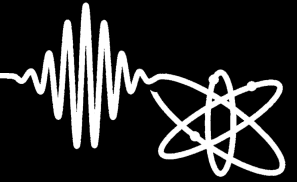
single-color linear polarization



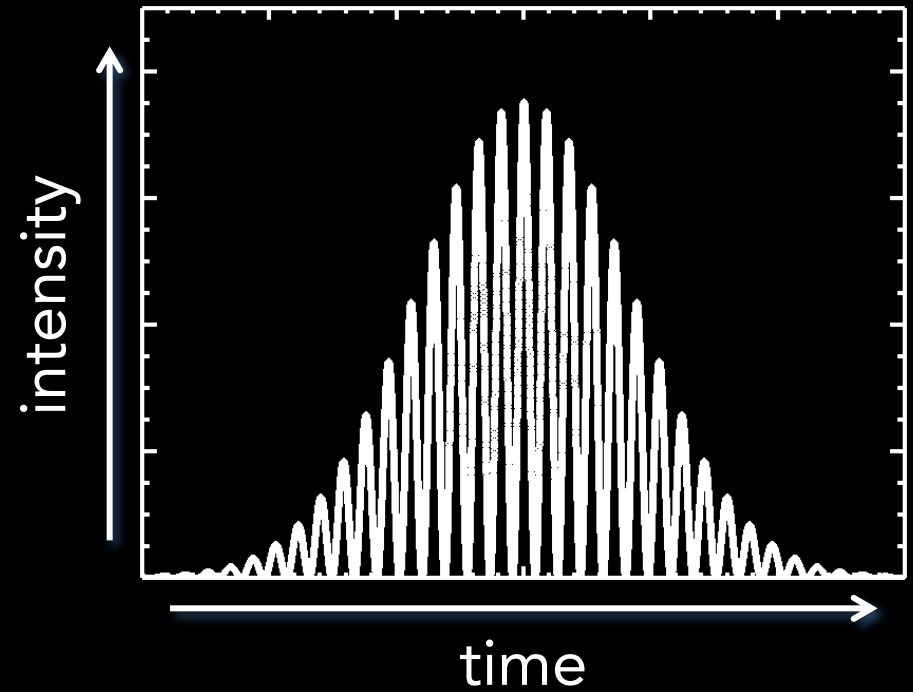
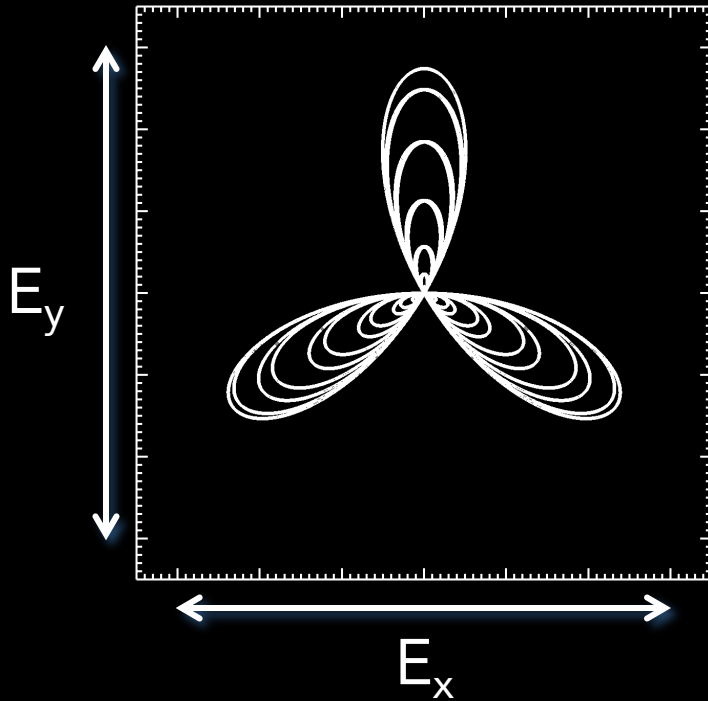
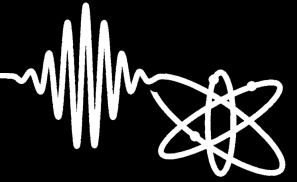
single-color circular polarization



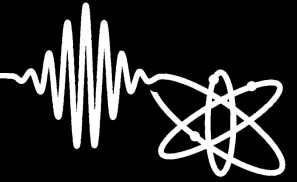
two-color co-rotating fields



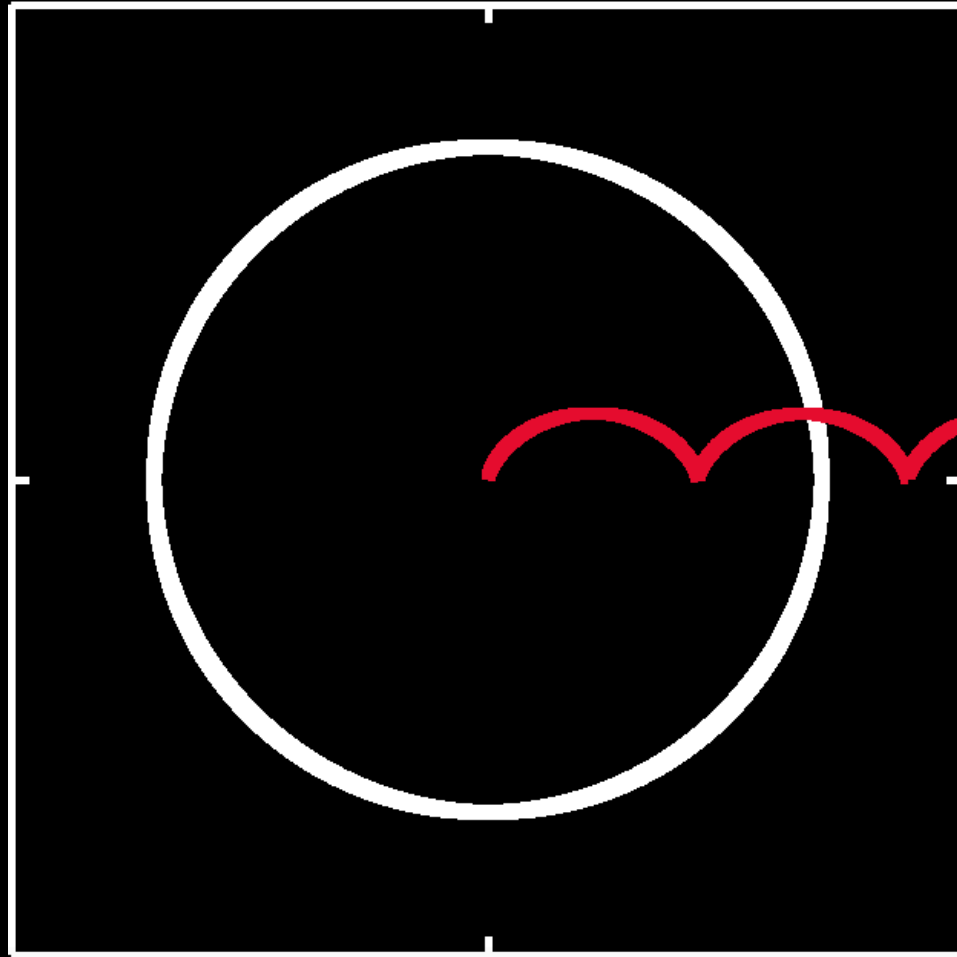
two-color counter-rotating fields



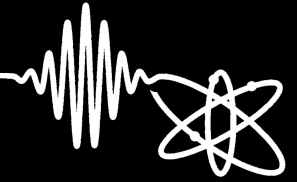
simple trajectories



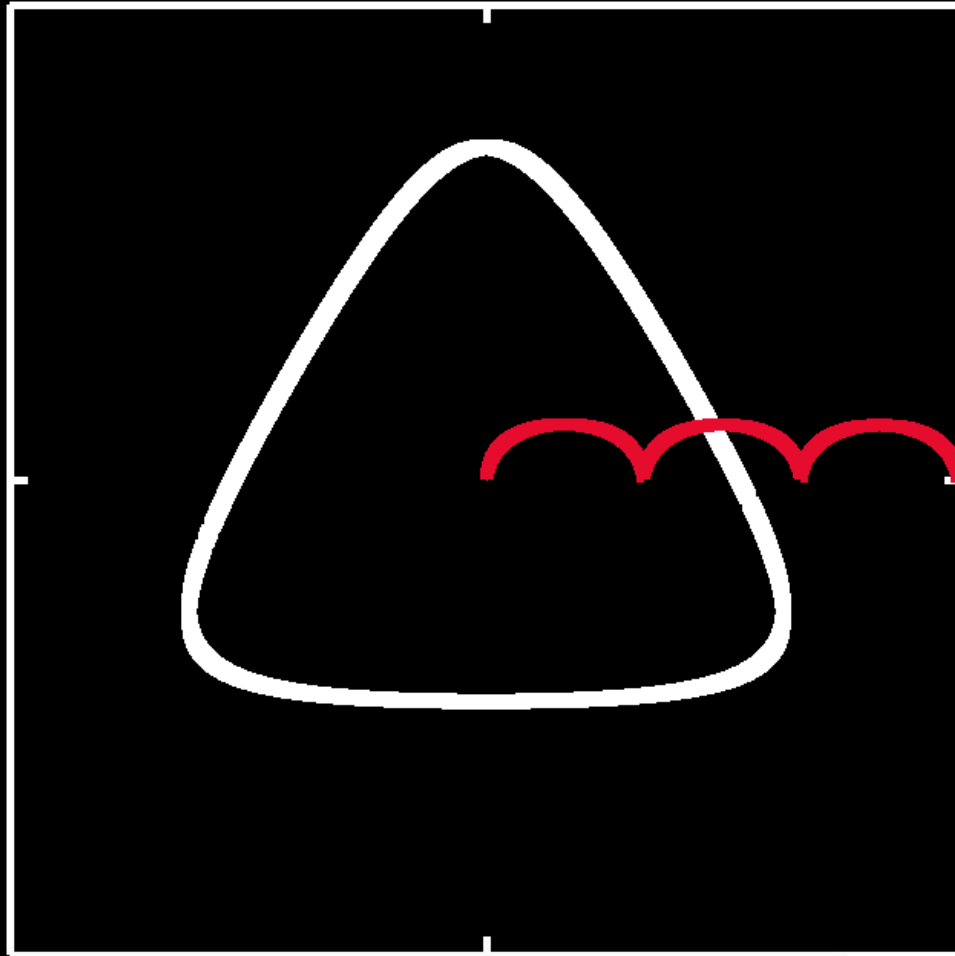
circular polarization



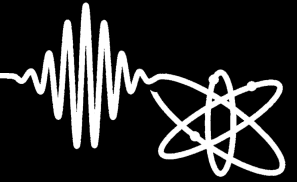
simple trajectories



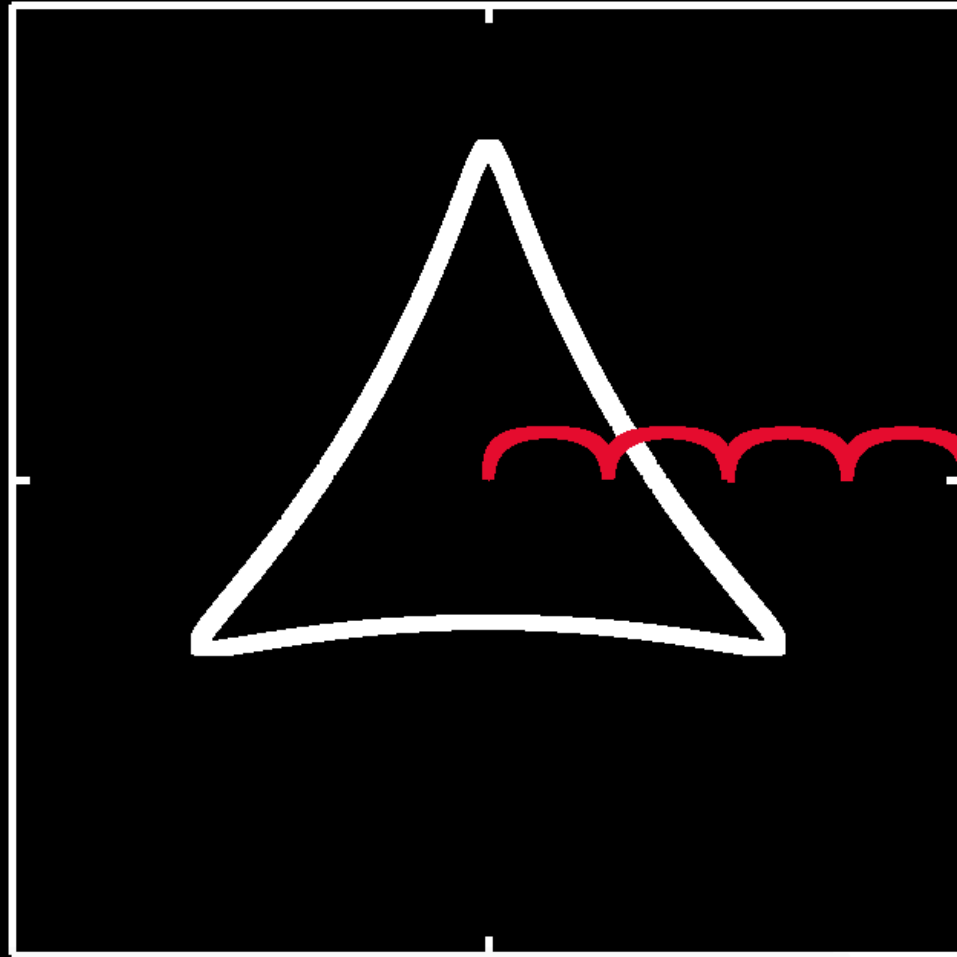
0.2:1 counter-rotating $2\omega:\omega$



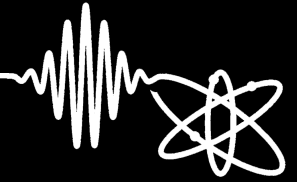
simple trajectories



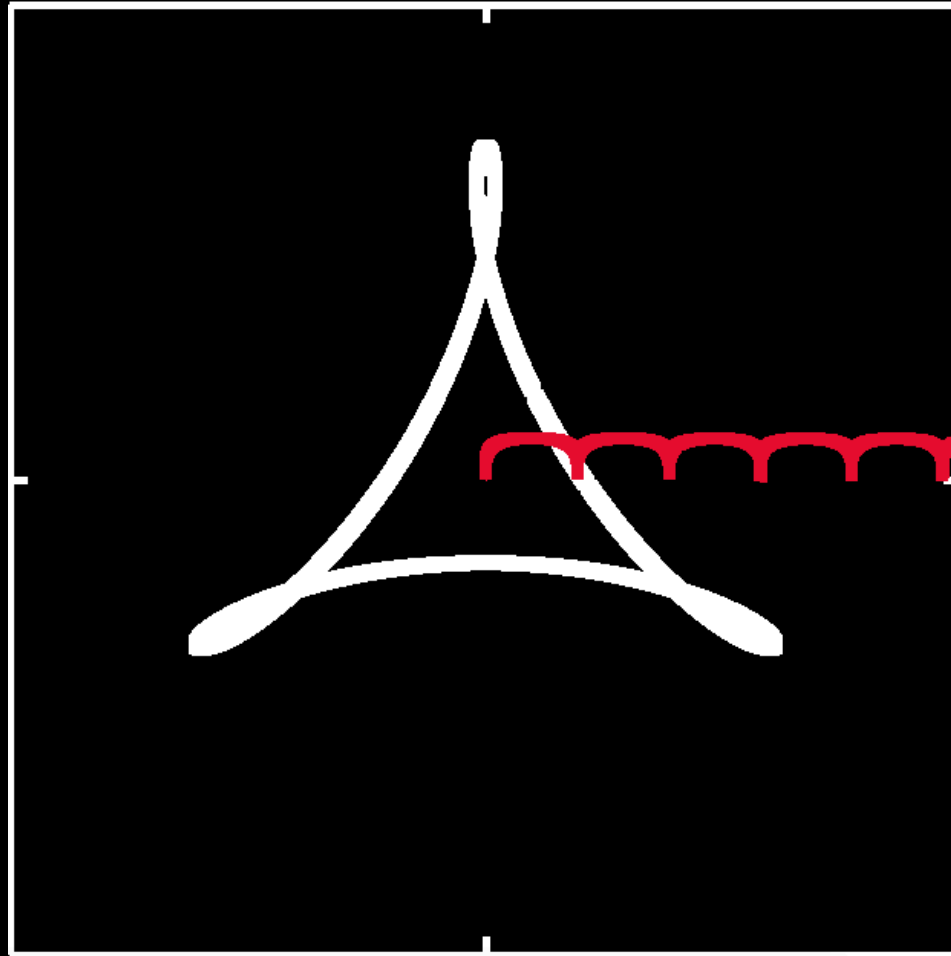
0.4:1 counter-rotating $2\omega:\omega$



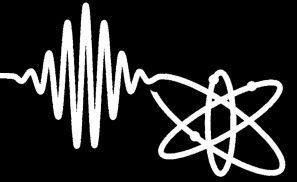
simple trajectories



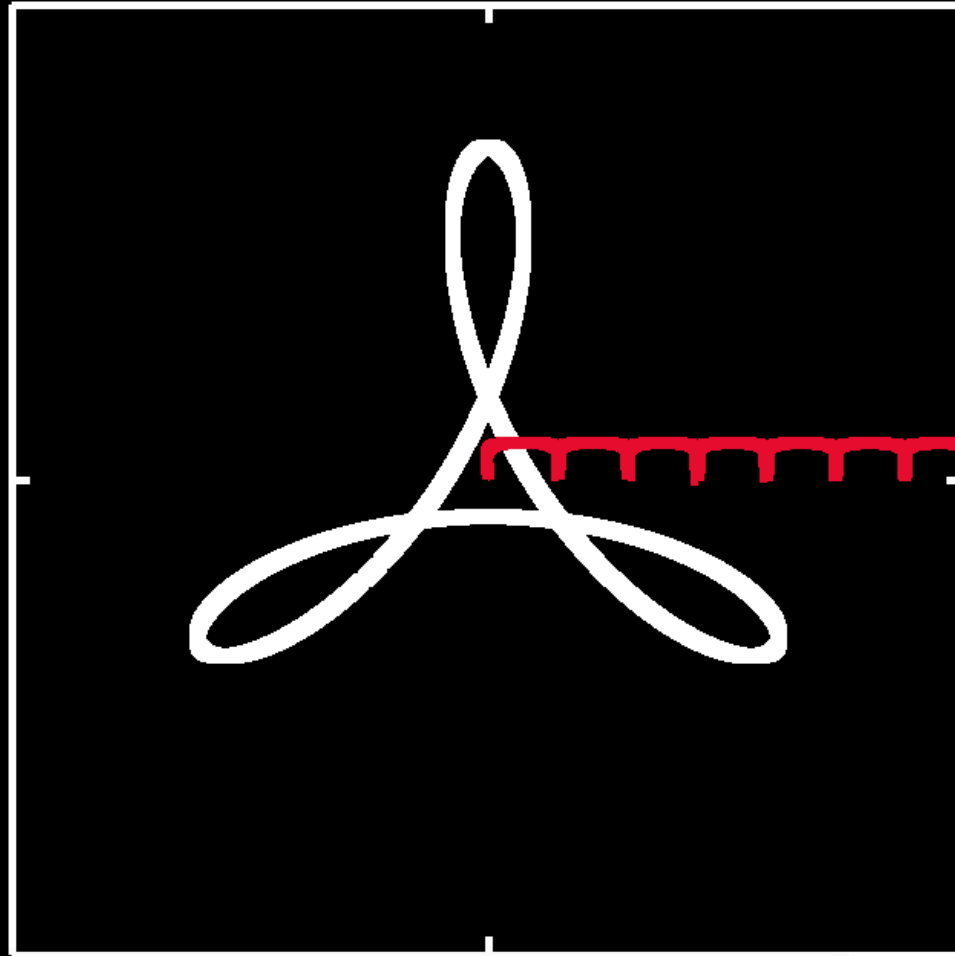
0.6:1 counter-rotating $2\omega:\omega$



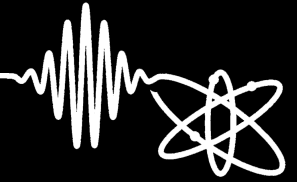
simple trajectories



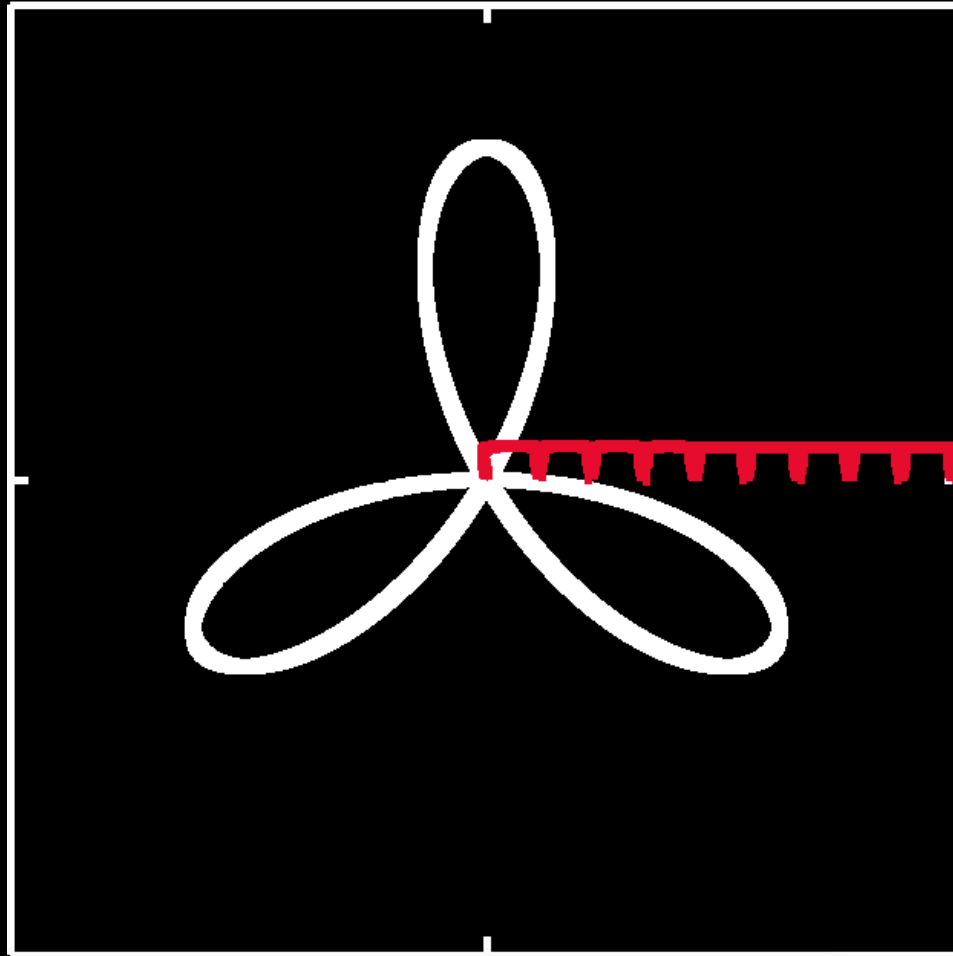
0.8:1 counter-rotating $2\omega:\omega$



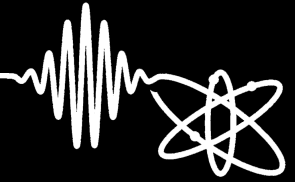
simple trajectories



1.0:1 counter-rotating $2\omega:\omega$

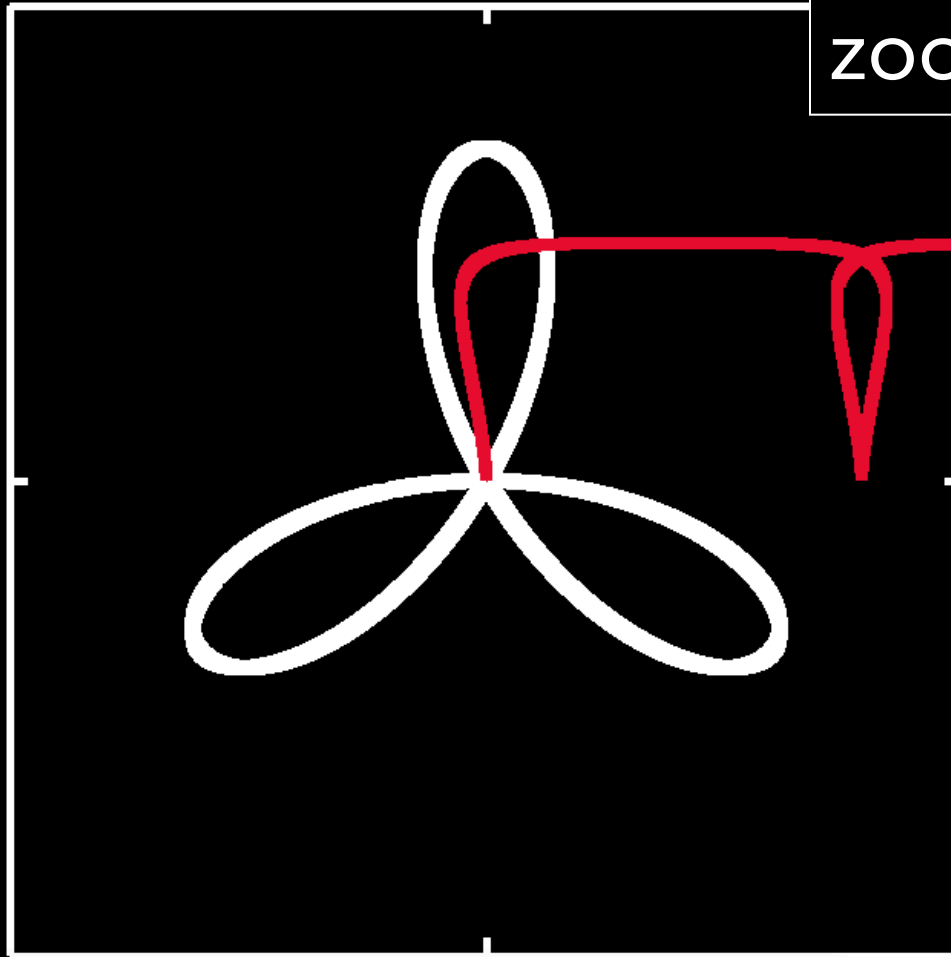


simple trajectories

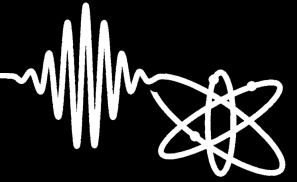


1.0:1 counter-rotating $2\omega:\omega$

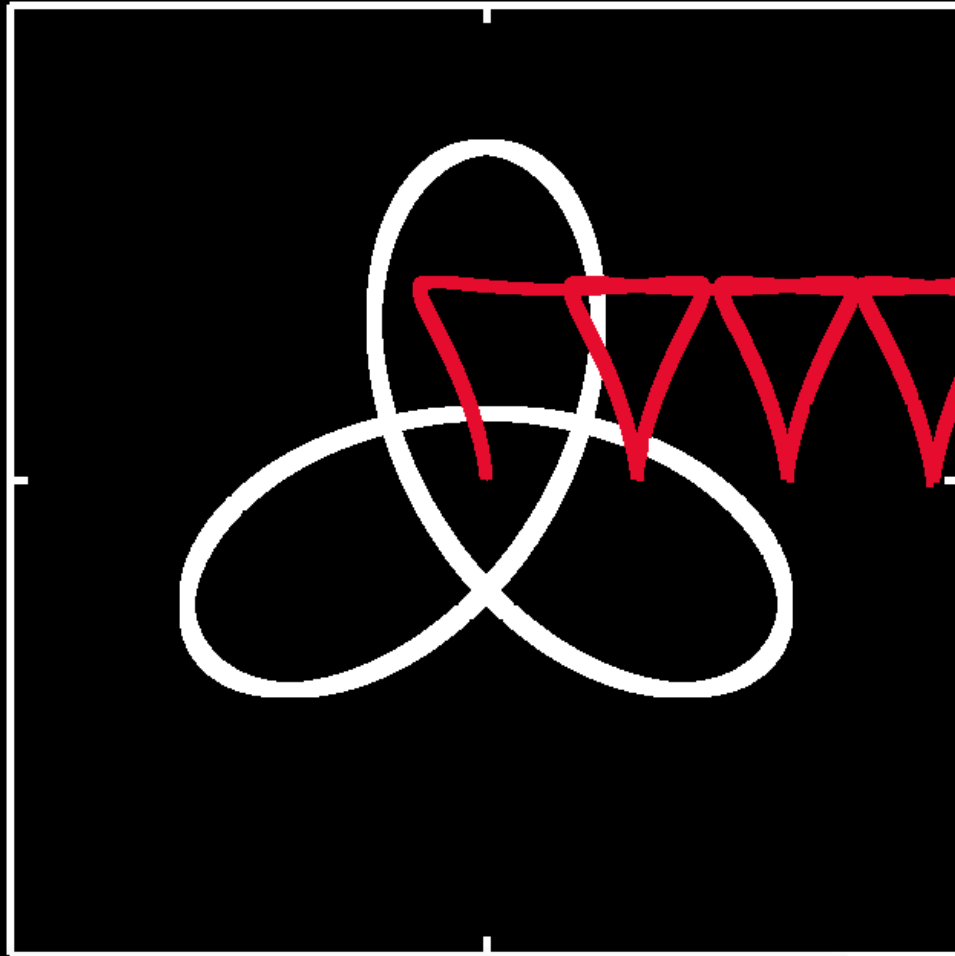
zooming in



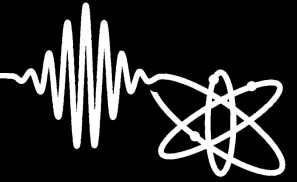
simple trajectories



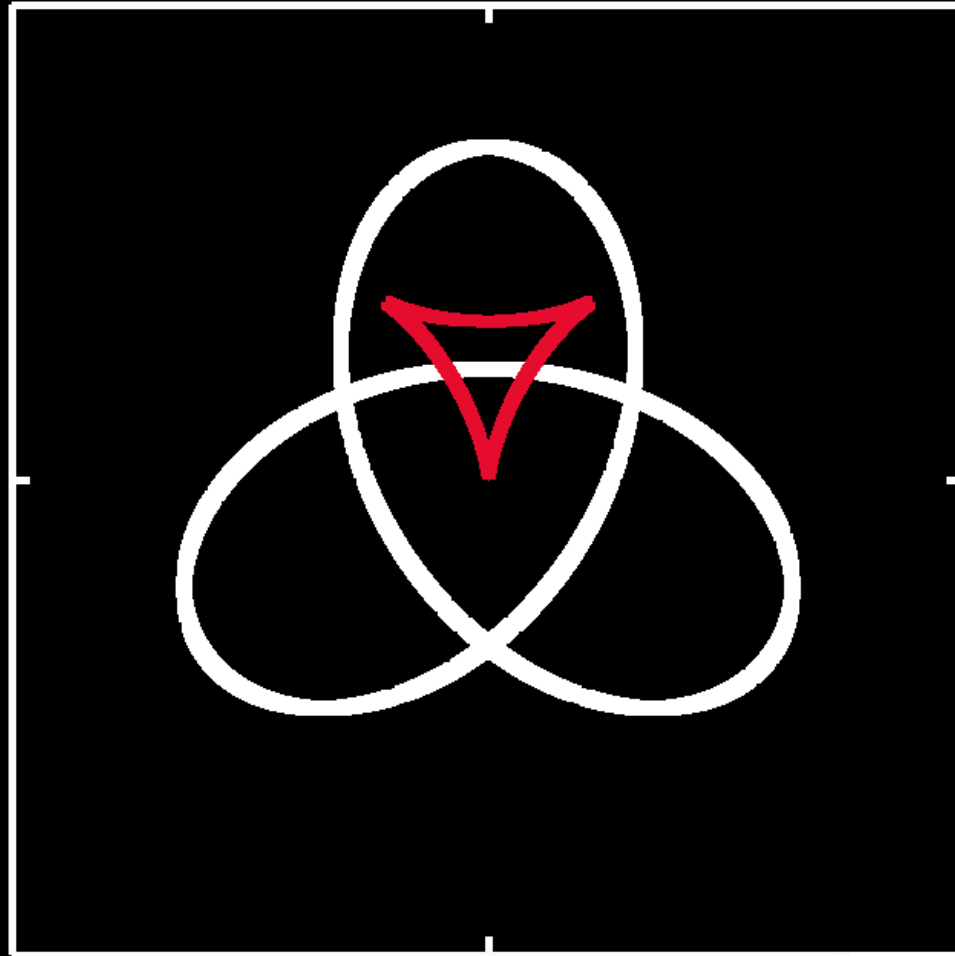
1.5:1 counter-rotating $2\omega:\omega$



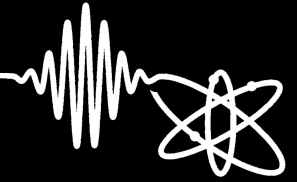
simple trajectories



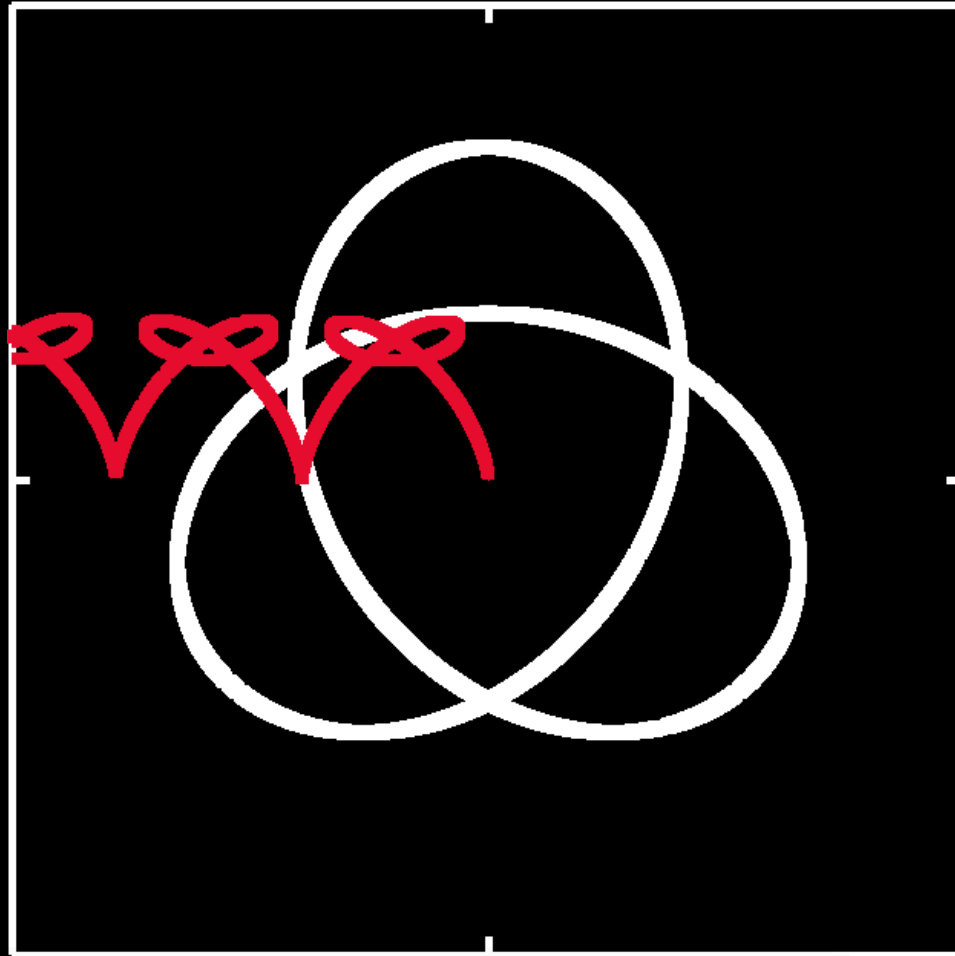
2.0:1 counter-rotating $2\omega:\omega$



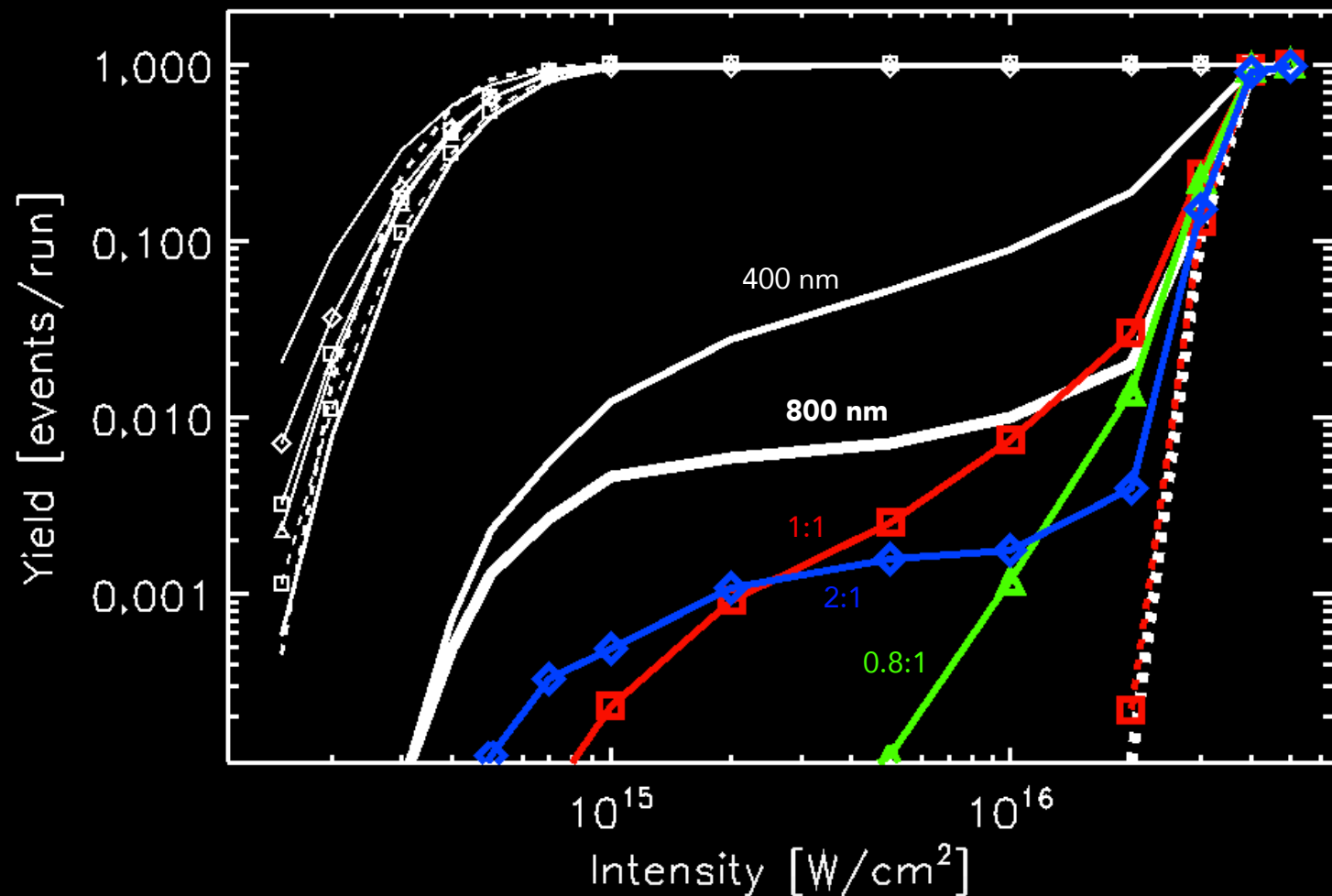
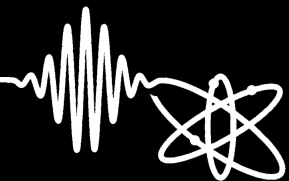
simple trajectories



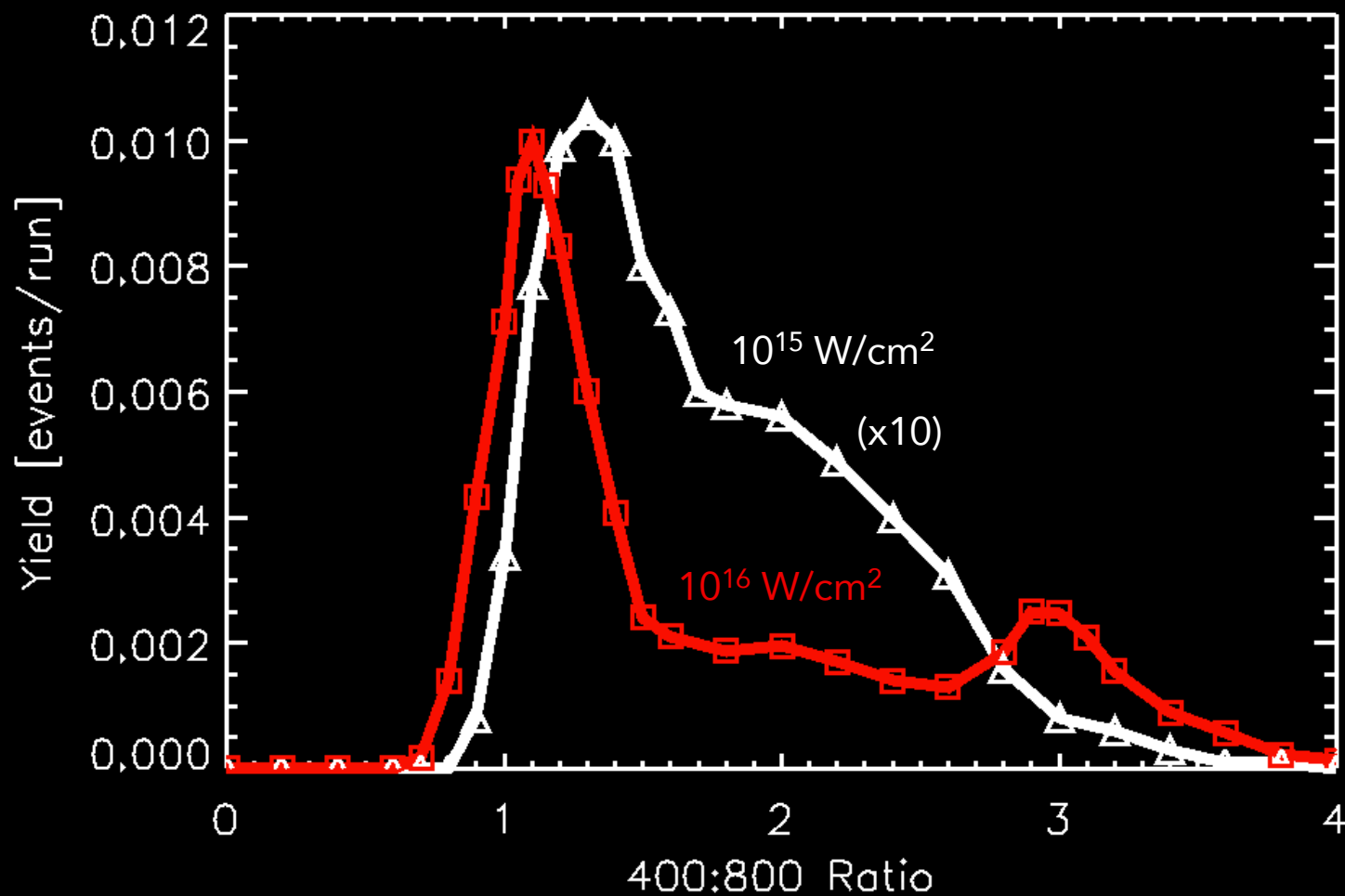
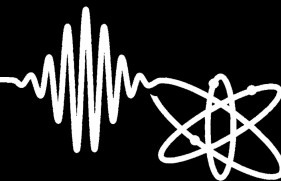
3.0:1 counter-rotating $2\omega:\omega$



helium ionization yield curves

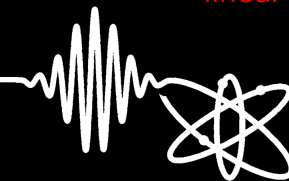


yield vs 400:800 ratio

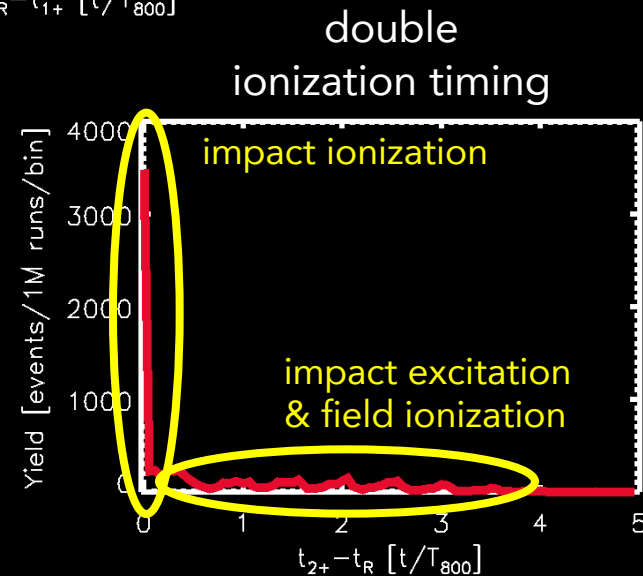
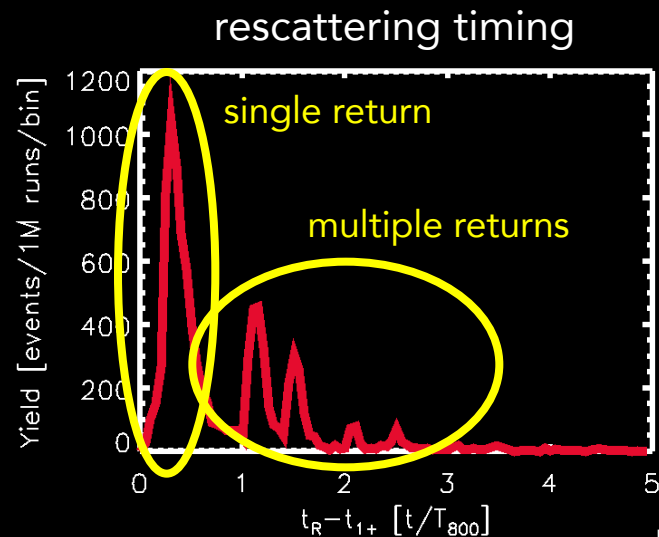
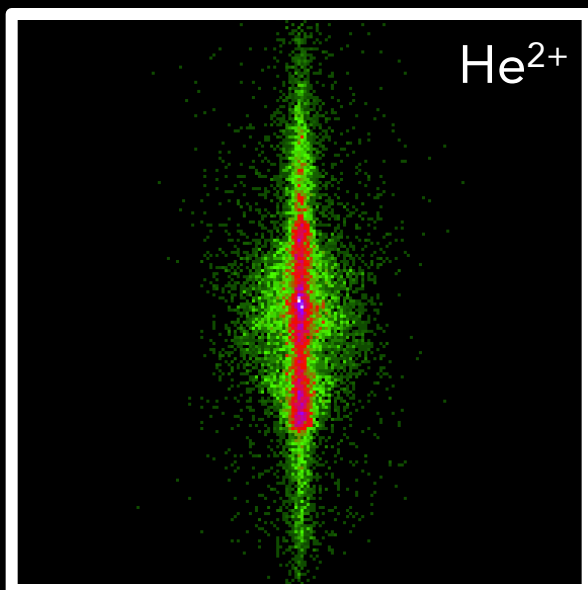
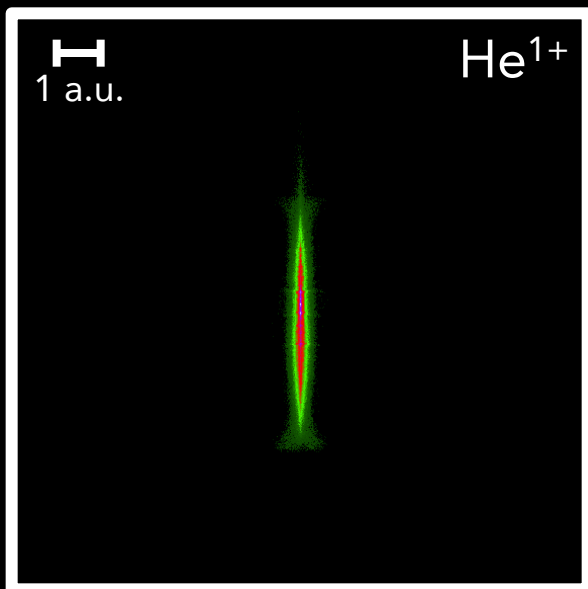


electron momenta & timing (linear 800nm)

10^{16} W/cm^2
 10^6 runs
linear

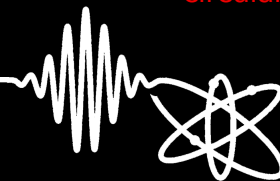


transverse electron momenta

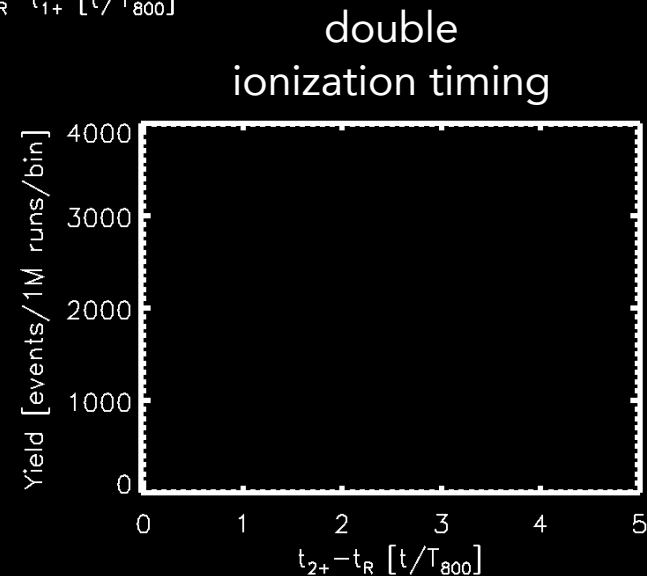
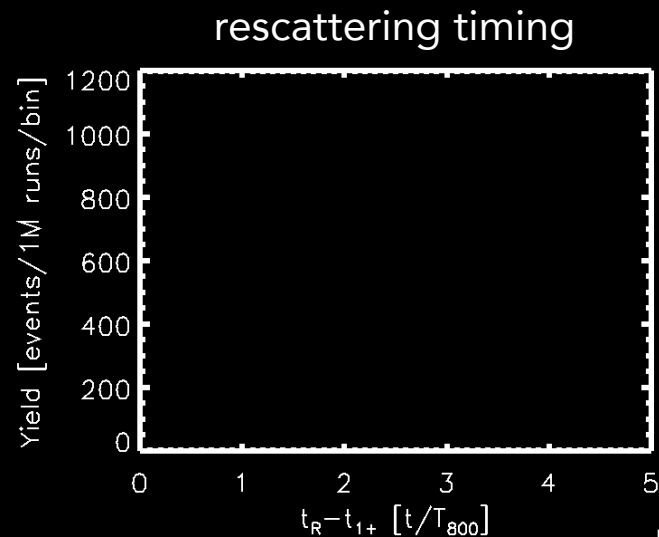
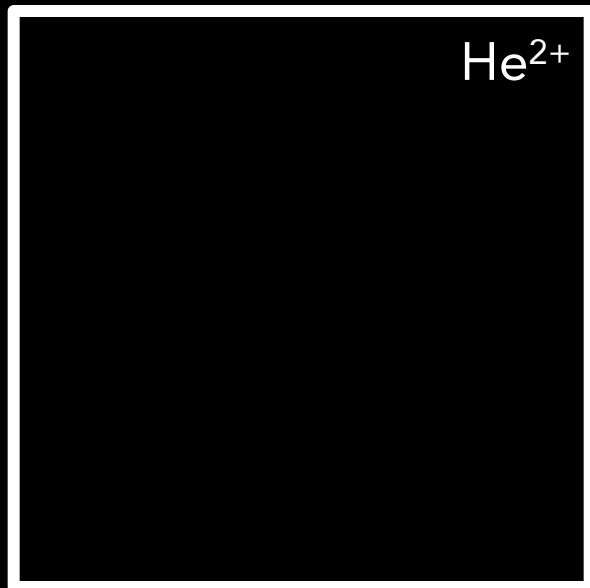
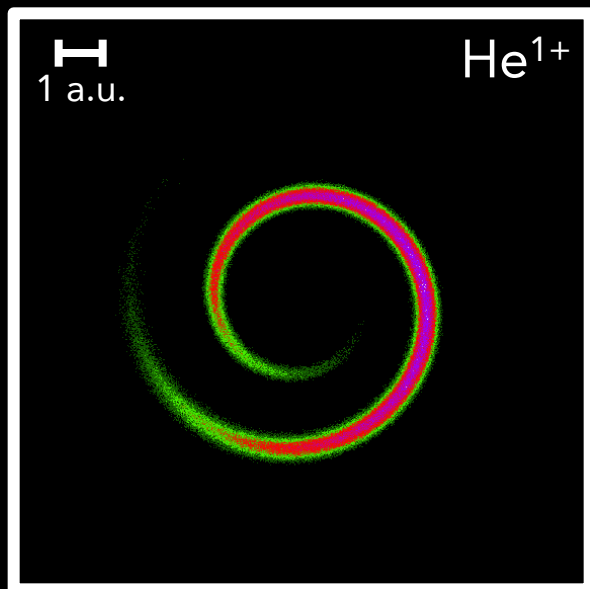


electron momenta & timing (circular 800nm)

10^{16} W/cm²
 10^6 runs
circular

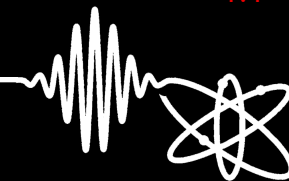


transverse electron momenta

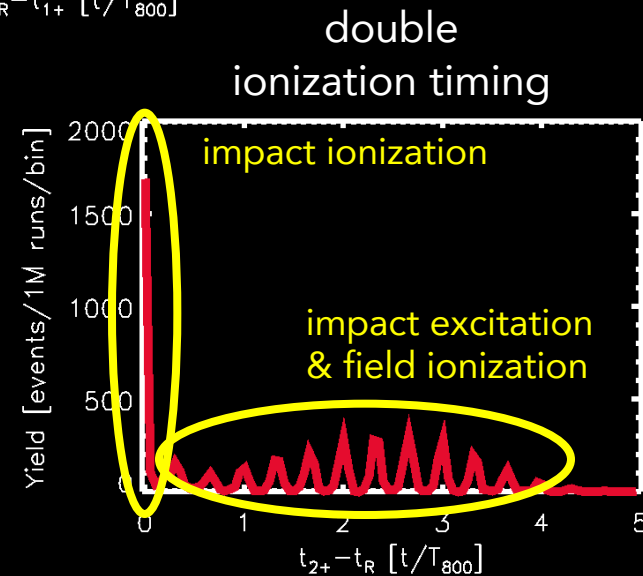
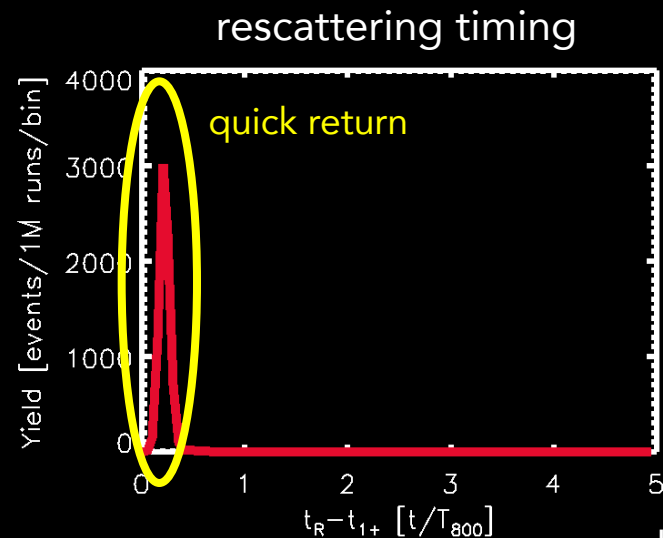
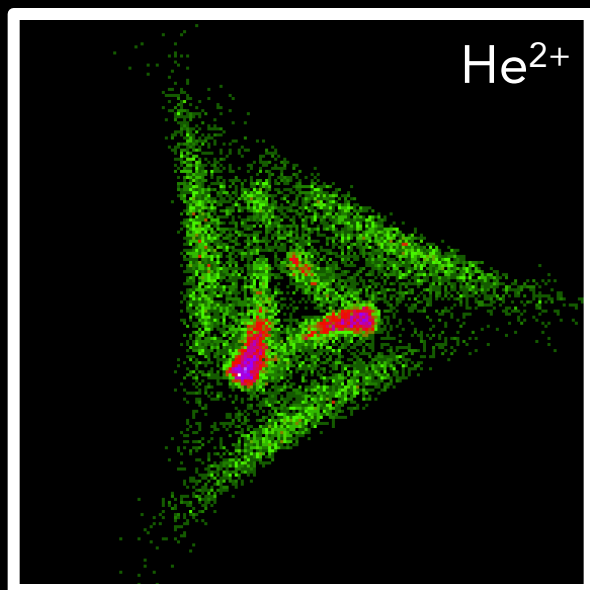
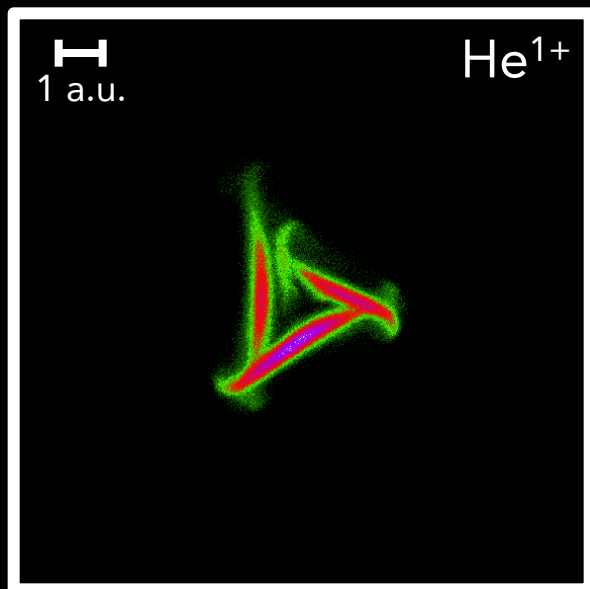


electron momenta & timing (400:800 1:1)

10^{16} W/cm^2
 10^6 runs
1:1

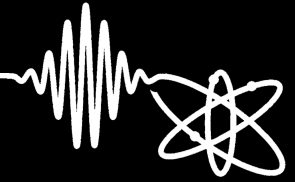


transverse electron momenta

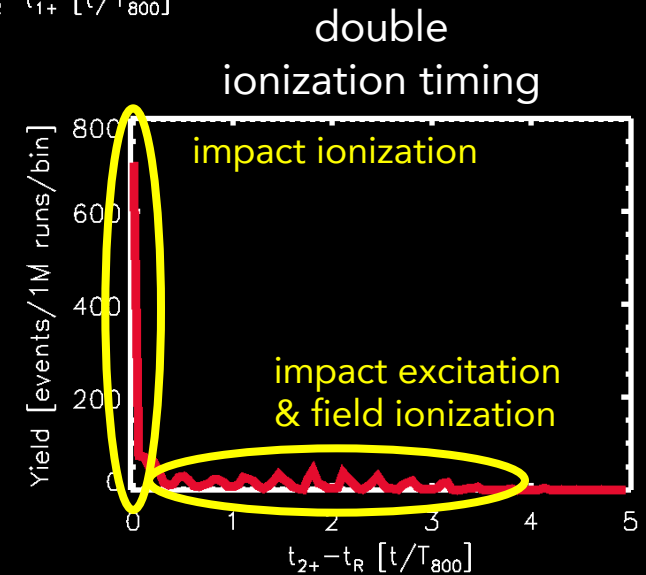
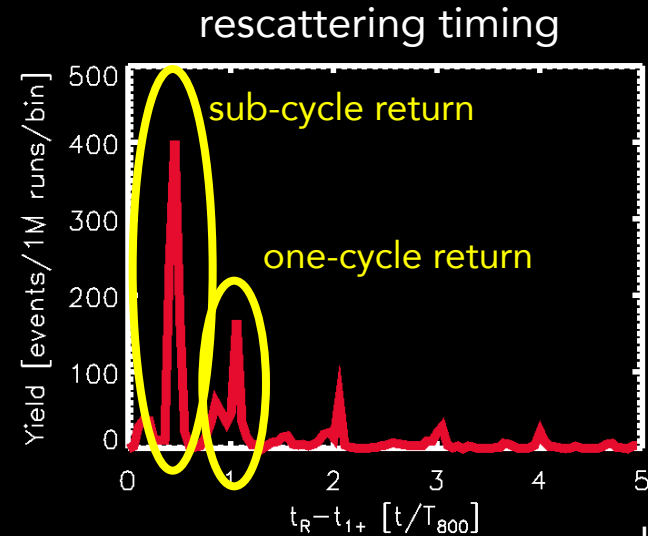
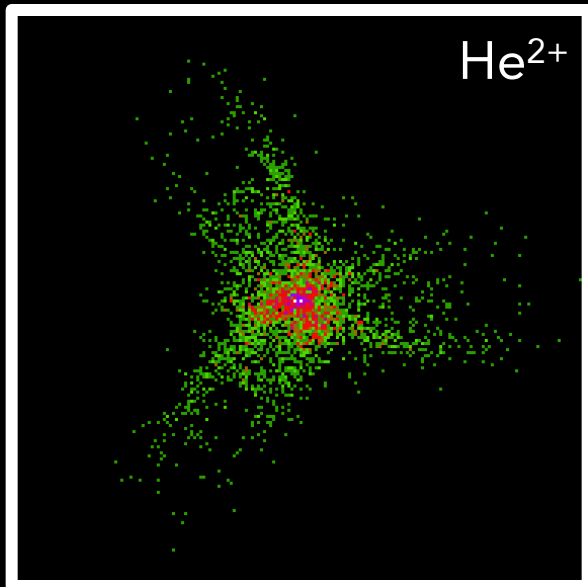
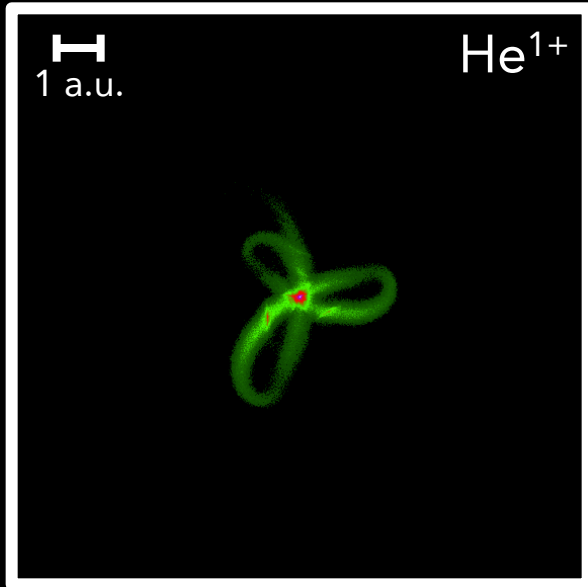


electron momenta & timing (400:800 2:1)

10^{16} W/cm²
10⁶ runs
2:1

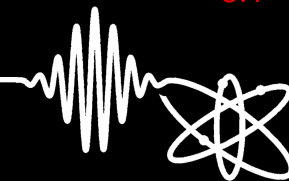


transverse electron momenta

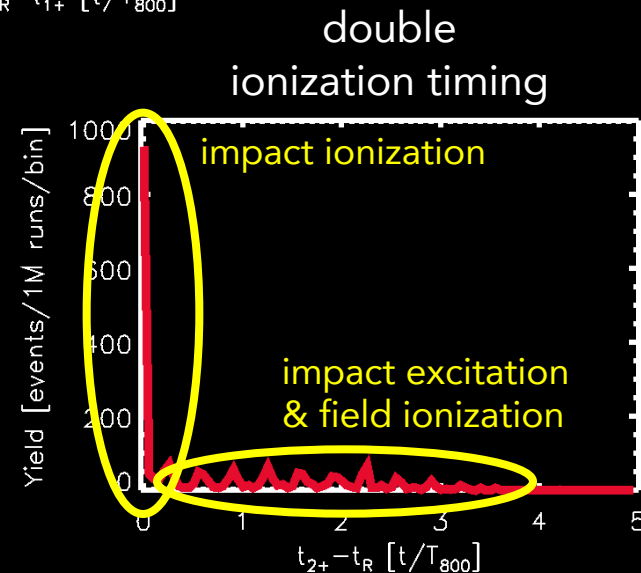
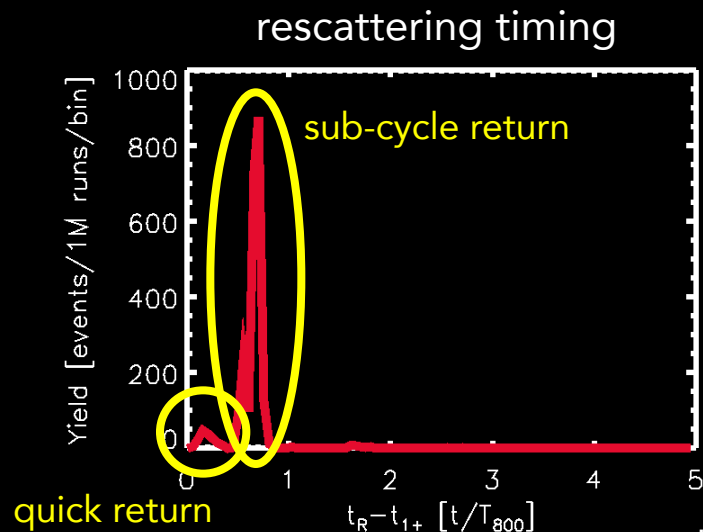
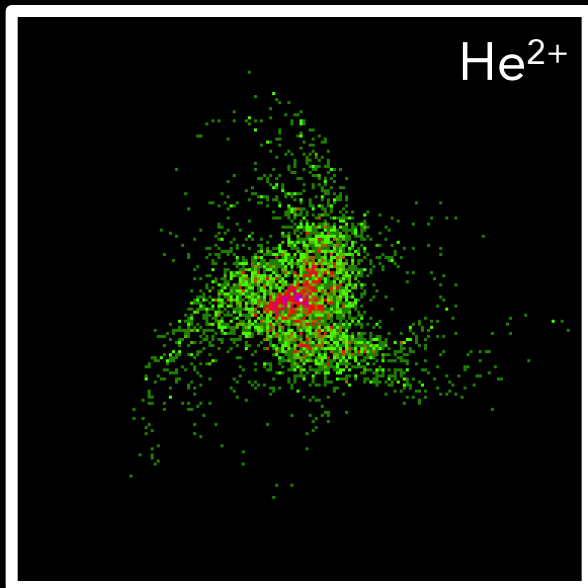
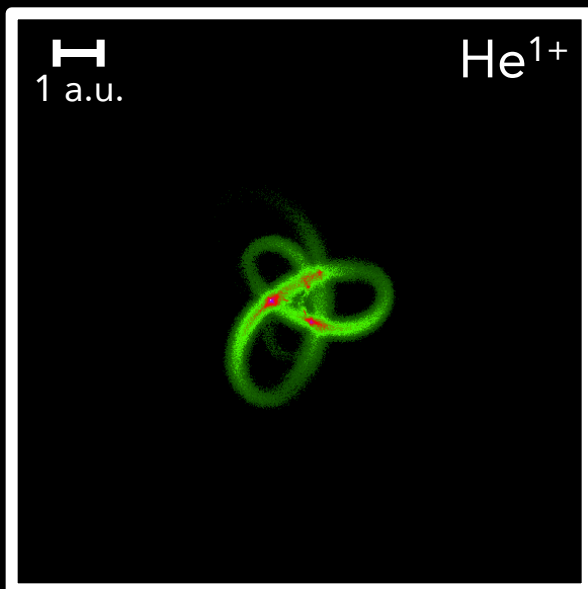


electron momenta & timing (400:800 3:1)

10^{16} W/cm^2
 10^6 runs
3:1

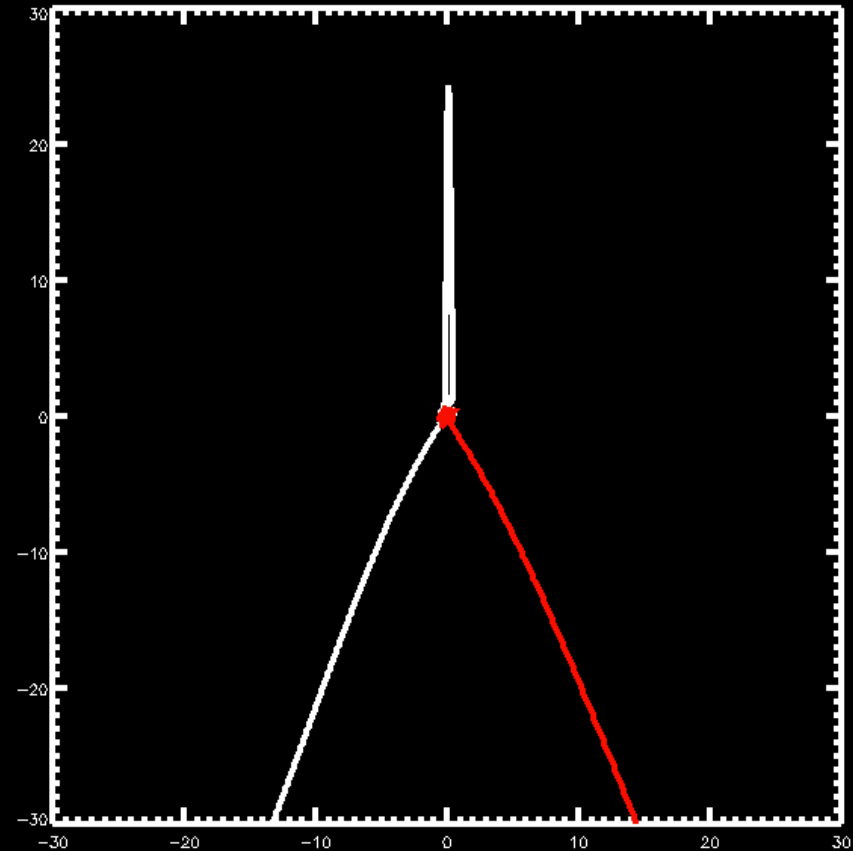
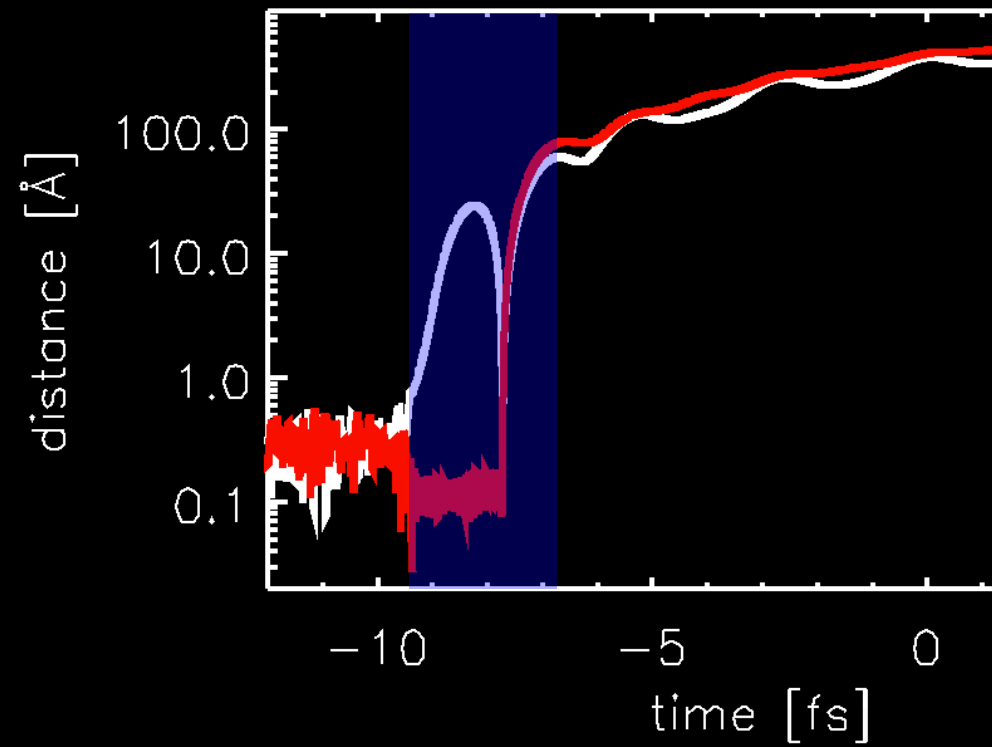


transverse electron momenta

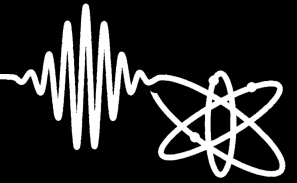


sample trajectories (linear 800nm)

10^{16} W/cm^2
sample
linear

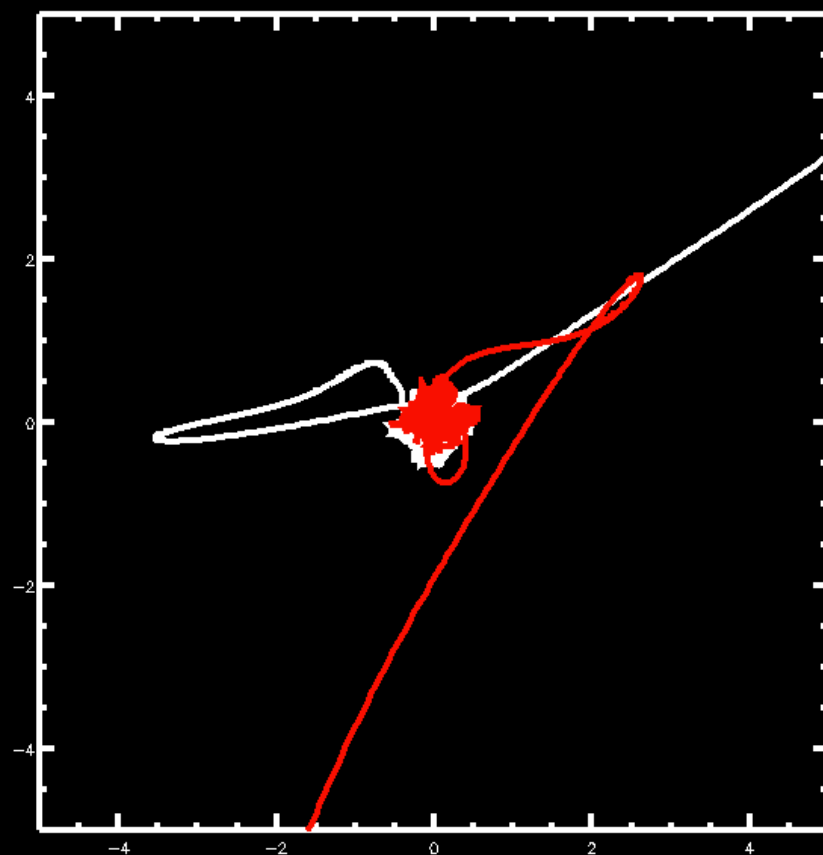
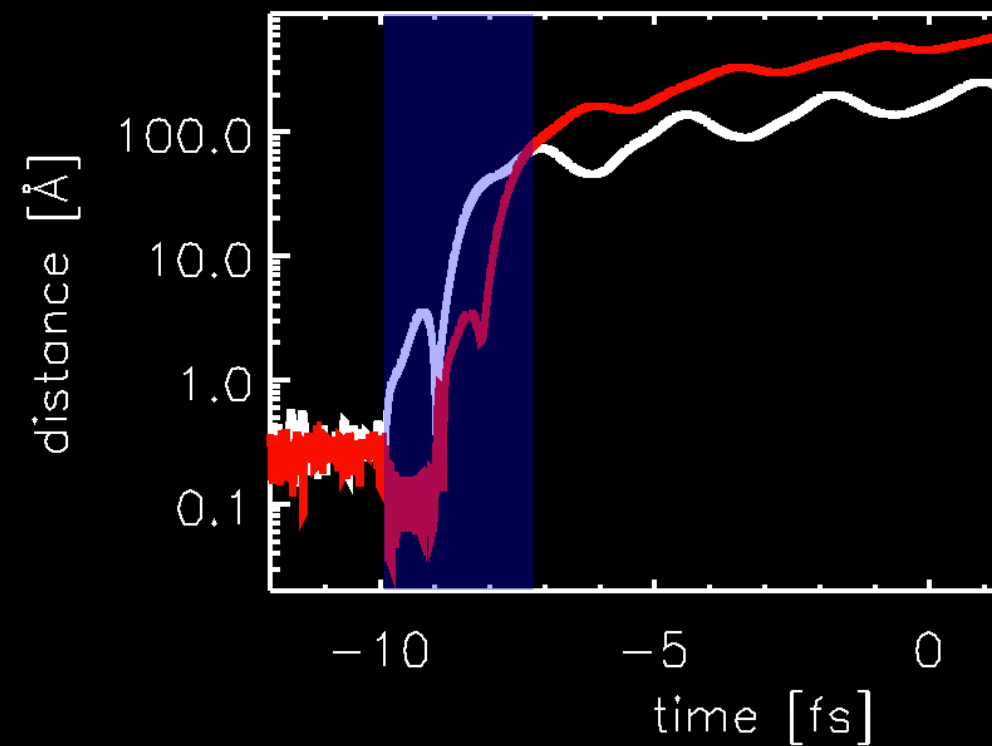


10 $\text{\AA}$



sample trajectories (800:400 1:1)

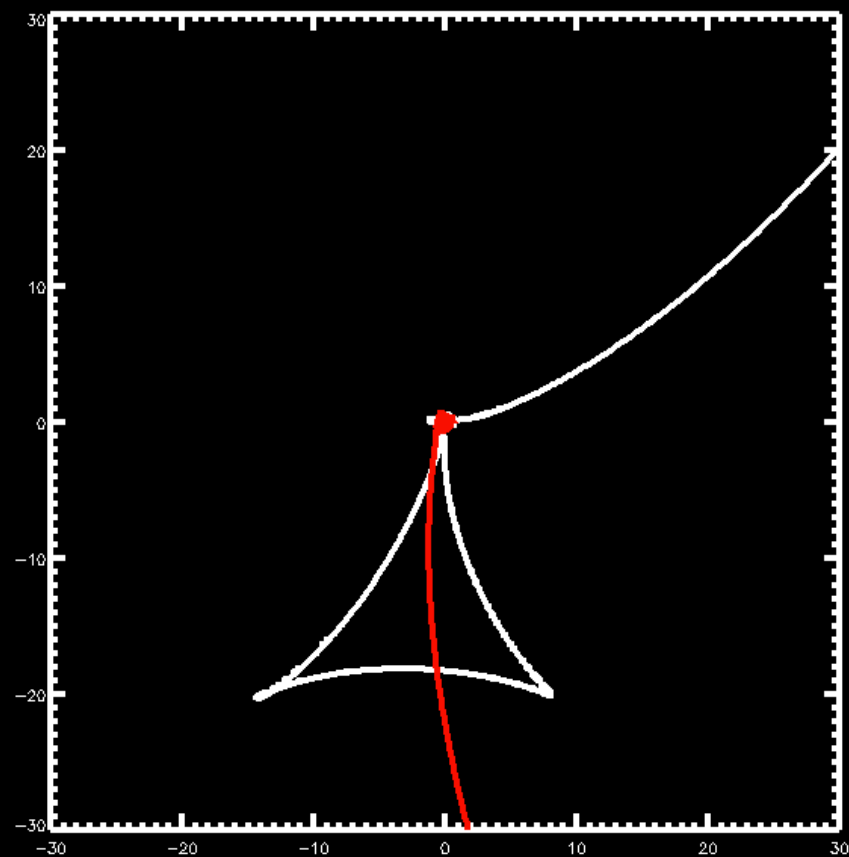
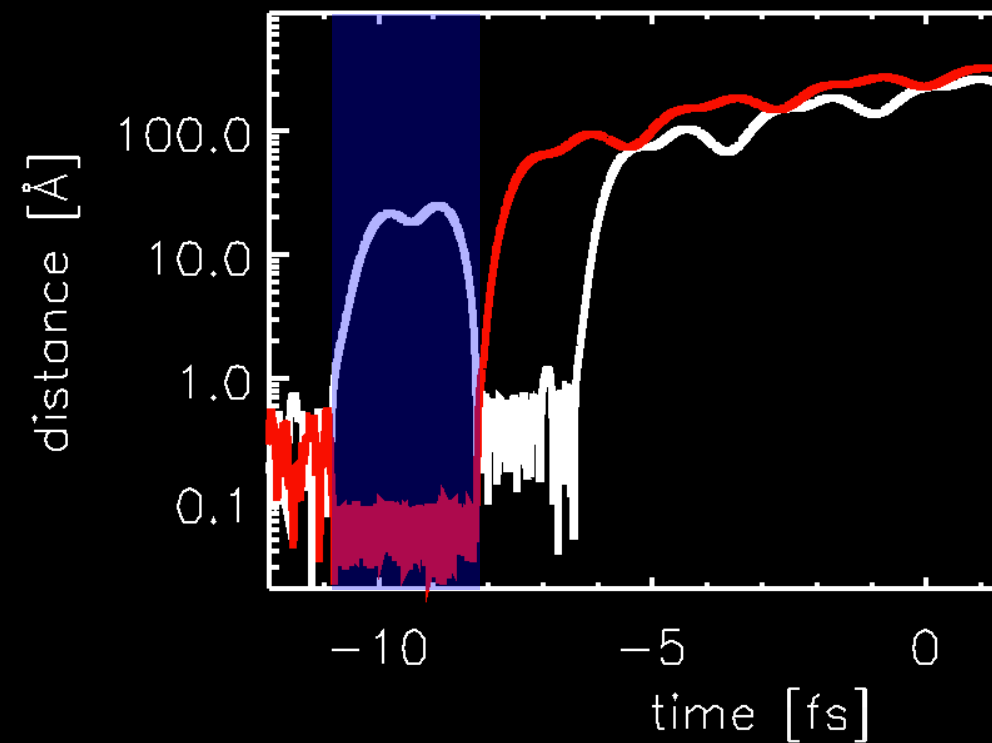
10^{16} W/cm²
sample
1:1



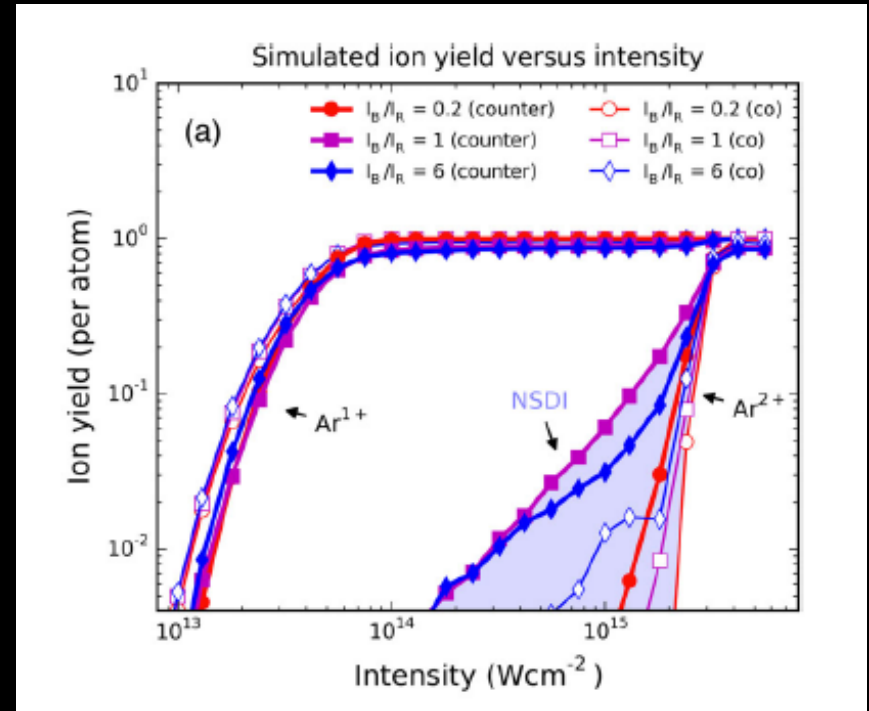
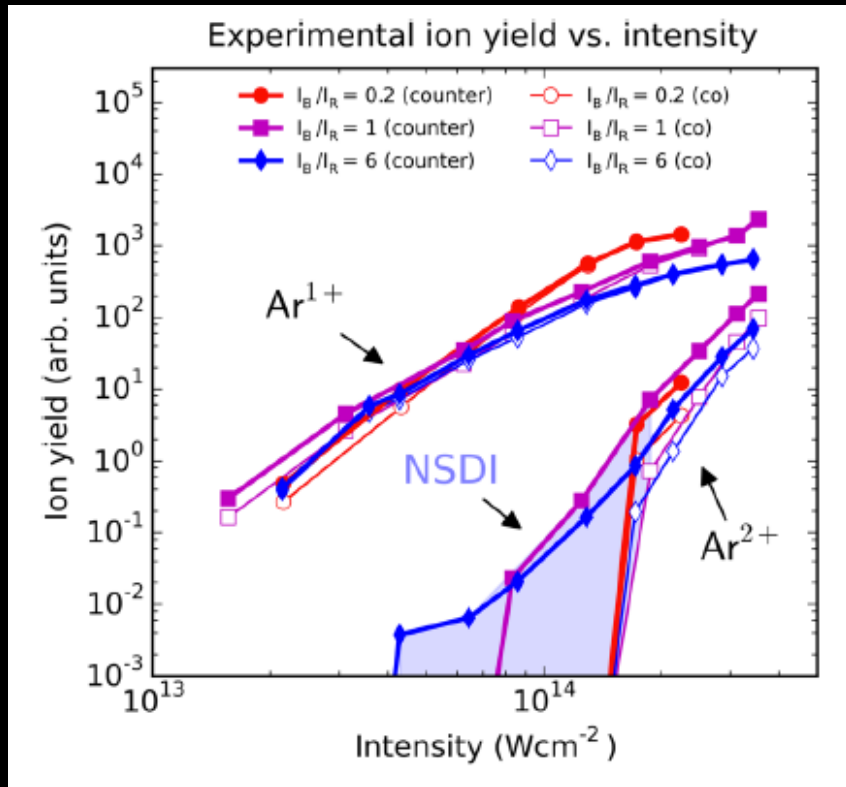
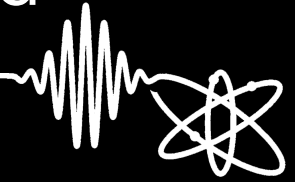
2 $\text{\AA}$

sample trajectories (800:400 2:1)

10^{16} W/cm²
sample
2:1



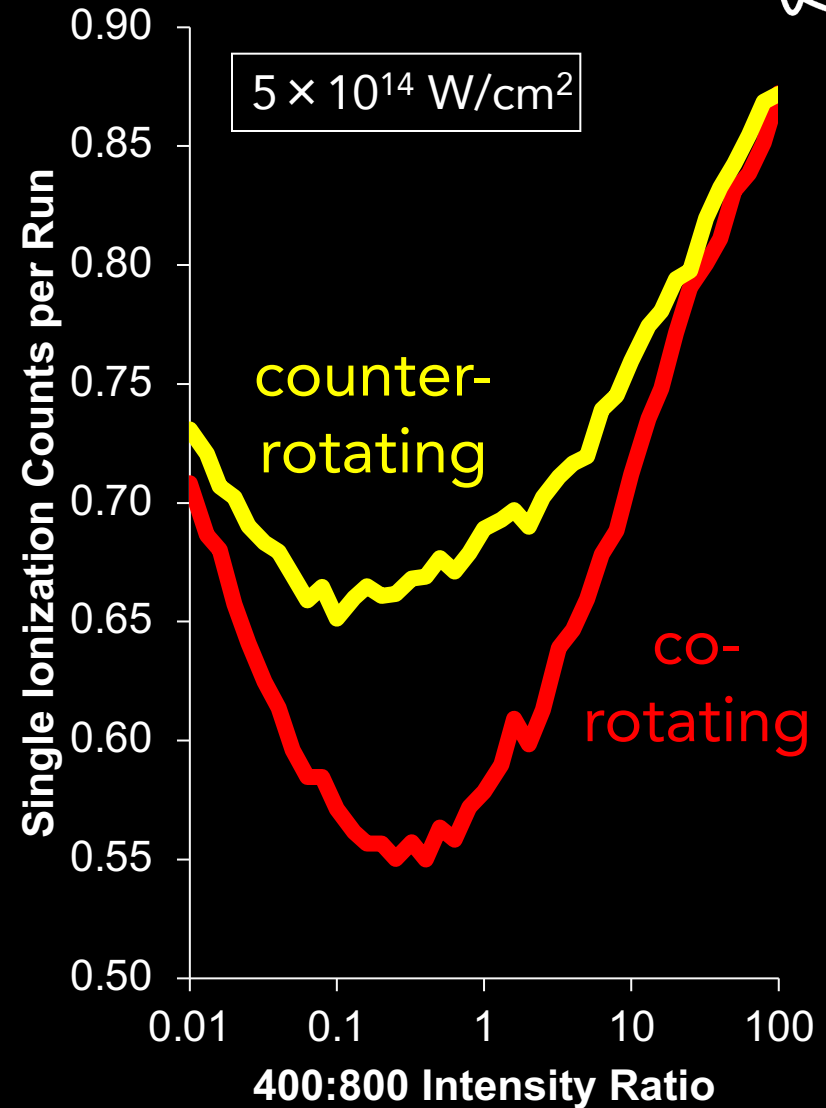
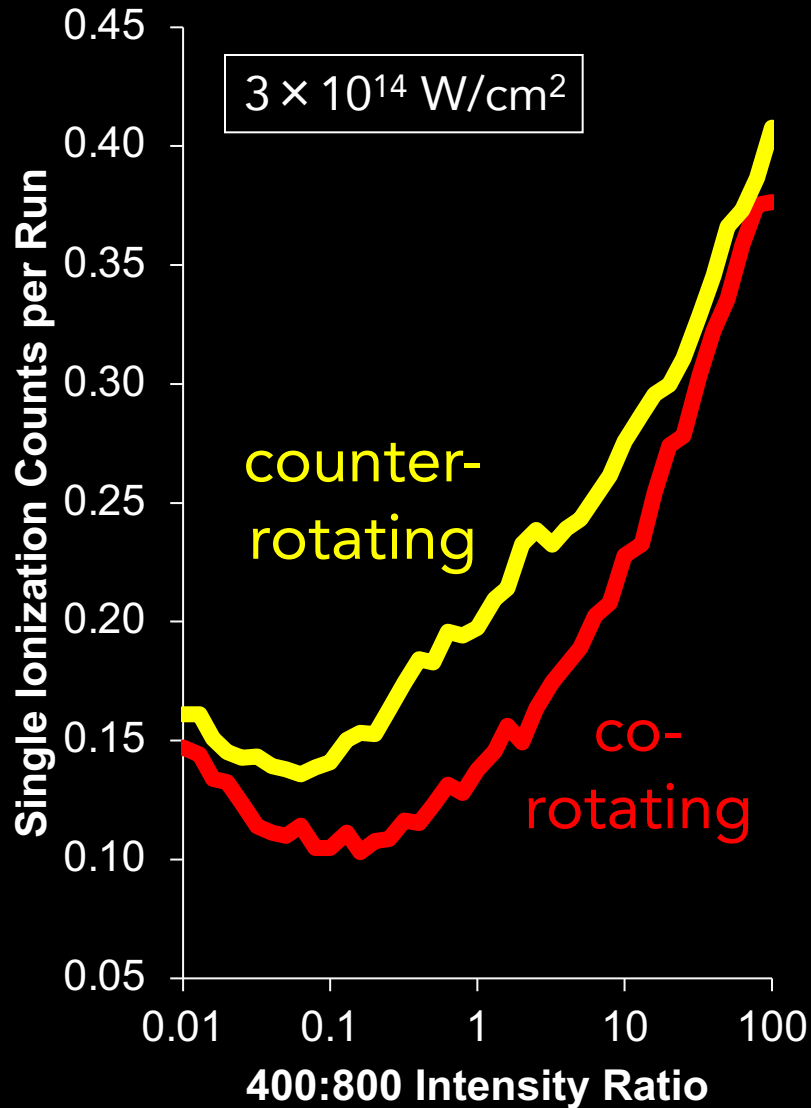
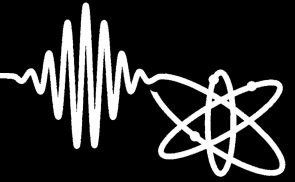
experimental confirmation of non-seq DI yield



Mancuso, Dorney, Hickstein, Chaloupka, Ellis, Dollar, Knut, Grychtol, Zusin, Gentry, Gopalakrishnan, Kapteyn, Murnane, Physical Review Letters (September 2016)

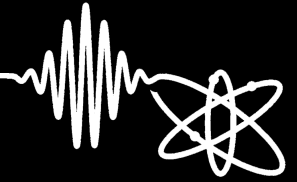
also: Eckart, Richter, Kunitski, Hartung, Rist, Henrichs, Schlott, Kang, Bauer, Sann, Schmidt, Schöffler, Jahnke, Dörner, Physical Review Letters (September 2016)

enhancement of single ionization

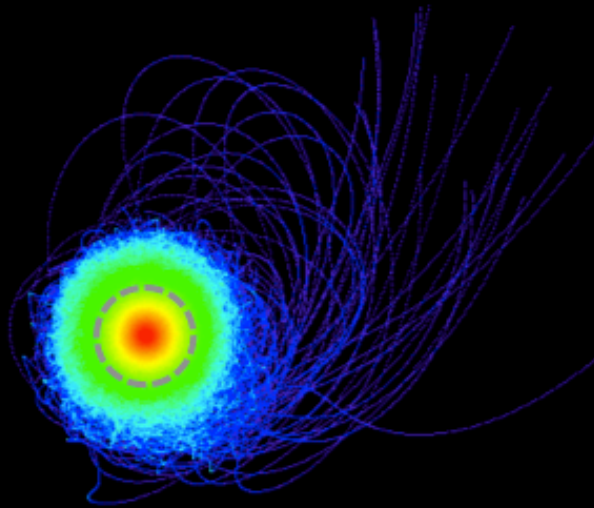


rescattering for single ionization

4×10^{14} W/cm²
5000 runs
1:1

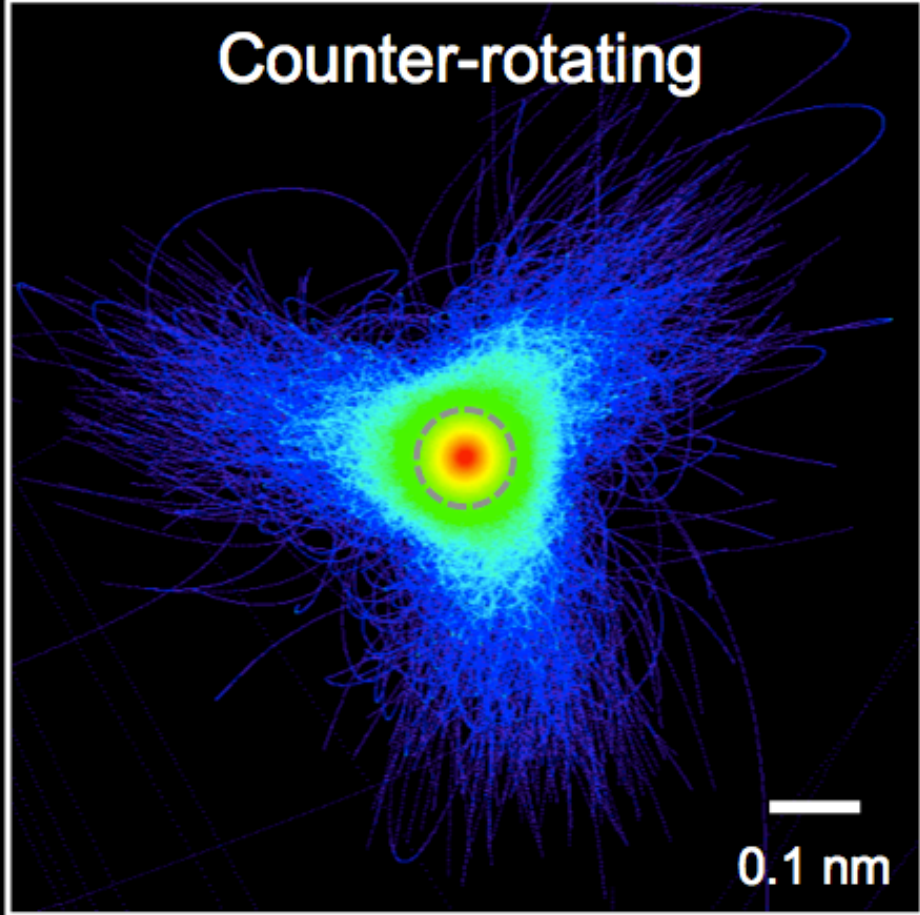


Co-rotating



0.1 nm

Counter-rotating

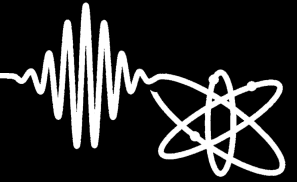


0.1 nm

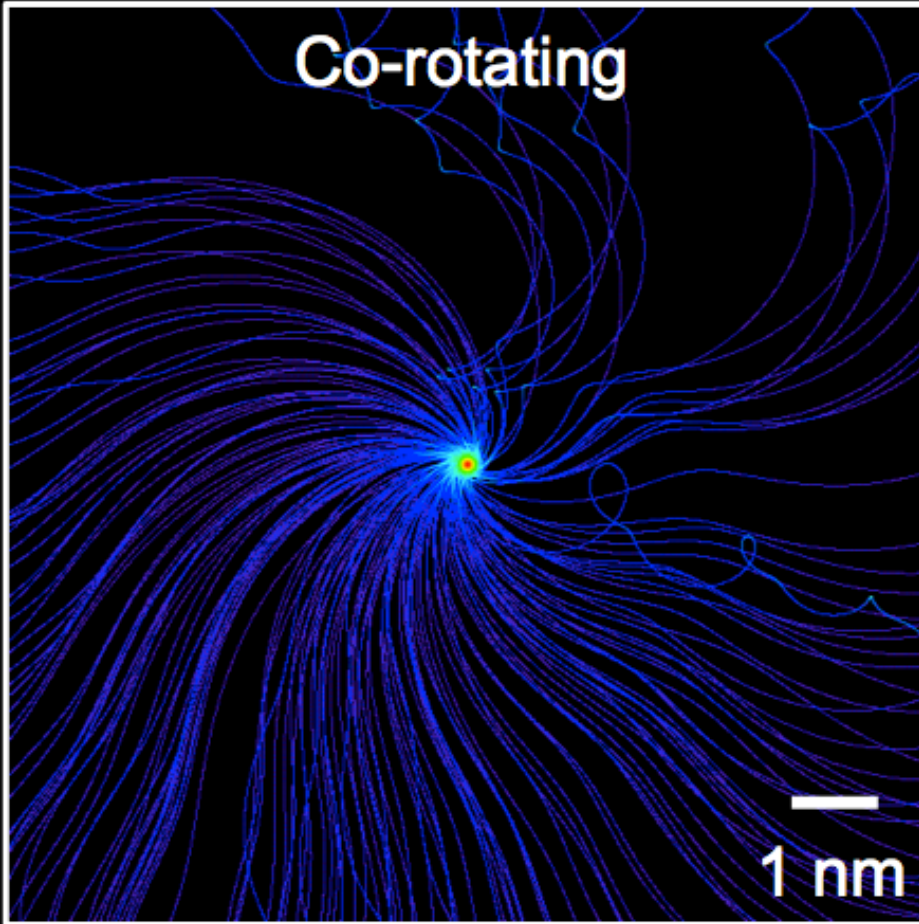
Mancuso, Dorney, Hickstein, Chaloupka, Tong, Ellis, Kapteyn, Murnane
Physical Review A (August 2017)

generation of highly excited states

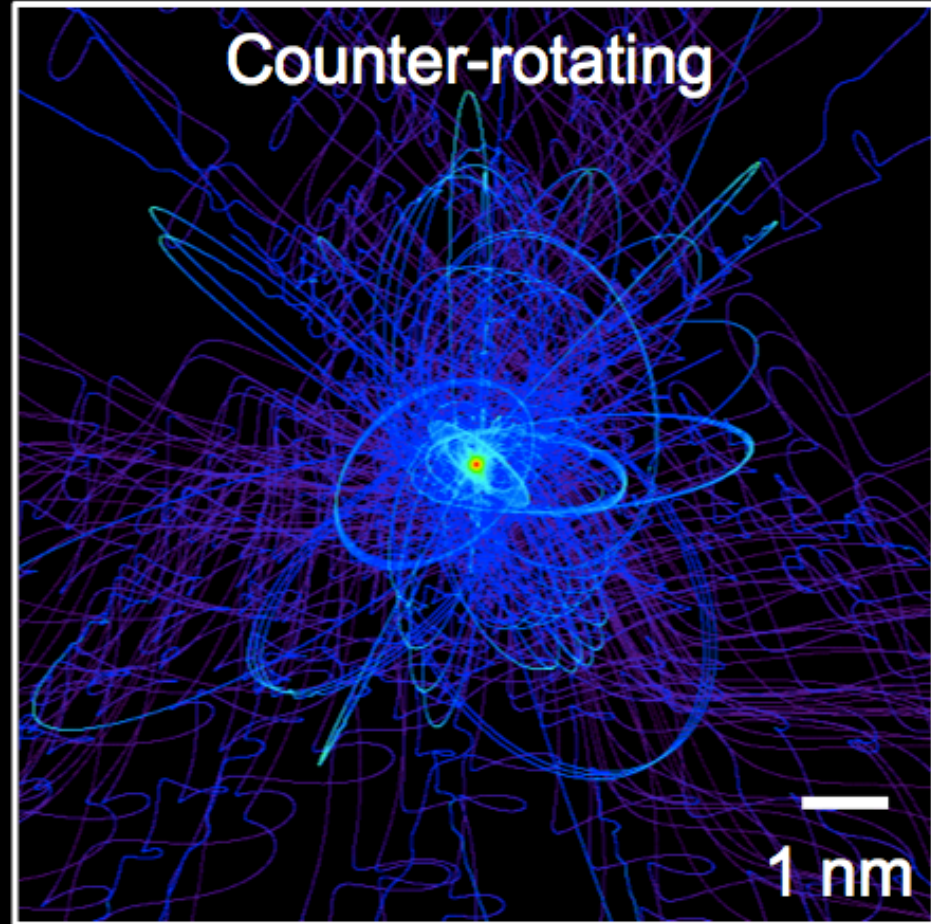
5×10^{14} W/cm²
250 runs
1.8:1

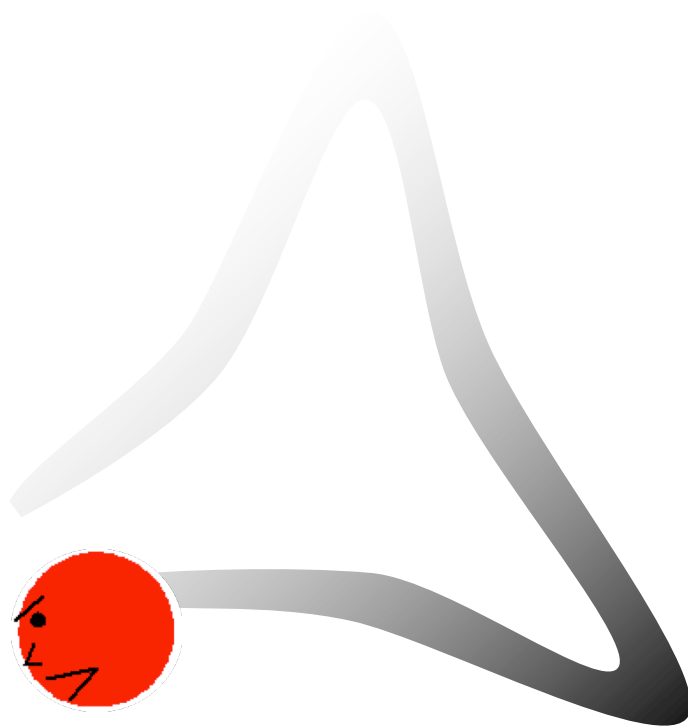
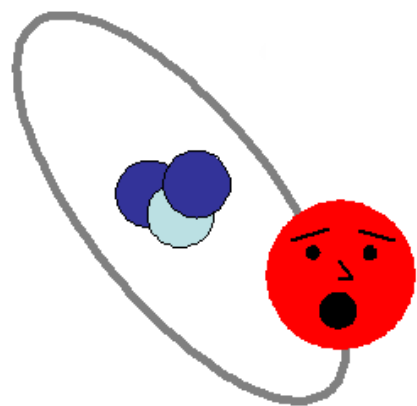


Co-rotating



Counter-rotating







Questions?