



UNIVERSITY OF
NORTHERN COLORADO

Withdrawals and the Return of Title IV Funds Policy

Office of Financial Aid

1051 22nd St. | Campus Box 33 | Greeley, CO 80639

<https://www.unco.edu/financial-aid/>

Effective Date: February 3, 2025

O: (970) 351-4862 | F: (970) 351-3737

TABLE OF CONTENTS

GENERAL OVERVIEW 3

WITHDRAWAL DATE..... 3

UNIVERSITY CHARGES..... 4

PERCENTAGE OF AID EARNED 4

EARNED/UNEARNED FEDERAL AID 4

FORMULAS USED IN R2T4 4

R2T4 EXAMPLE..... 5

POST-WITHDRAWAL DISBURSEMENT..... 6

UNOFFICIAL WITHDRAWALS6

REGULATORY EXEMPTIONS TO THE WITHDRAWAL POLICY 7

GENERAL OVERVIEW

The University of Northern Colorado (UNC) adheres to federal regulations (34 CFR 668.22) when completing Return to Title IV funds (R2T4) after a student has withdrawn prior to the end of the term. Title IV Funds include Federal Pell Grant, Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (FSEOG), Federal Direct Loans, Federal Perkins Loans, and Iraq and Afghanistan Service Grants. State, institutional, and donor awards are excluded from this process and instead follow state, institutional, or donor instructions. Withdrawn is defined as ceasing to attend courses during an enrollment term. UNC is not required to take attendance and uses the payment period basis (34 CFR 668 .4) for the return calculation.

The federal R2T4 calculation determines the amount of Title IV funds a student has earned and how much aid the student can retain. Up through the 60% point in each individual term, a prorated schedule is used to determine the amount of Title IV funds the student has earned at the time of withdrawal and how much Title IV funds are returned to the federal government. If a student withdraws on or after 60% of their individual term, the student has earned 100% of their Title IV funds. If funds disbursed to the student are less than the amount the student has earned, UNC determines the Title IV funds earned by the student and follows procedures for making a post-withdrawal disbursement.

UNC documents engagement for every student who withdraws and is receiving Title IV funds. Engagement in individual courses is confirmed using the institutionally adopted Learning Management System, Canvas. A student can, but is not required to, assist in efforts to confirm engagement. Students with federal loans are documented for engagement in at least one course prior to the date of withdrawal. All withdrawal students with a Federal Pell Grant are documented as engaging in the number of credits to correspond with their prorated award. If a student shows no engagement, funding is sent back to the appropriate federal government agency.

The return calculation dollar amounts are rounded using standard rules to round to the nearest dollar. Percentages are calculated to three decimal places, and rounded, except when determining the percentage the student completed of the payment period.

A student who drops or withdraws prior to the first day of class, has all federal aid cancelled and is determined not to have established eligibility for disbursements made prior to the published first day of the term.

R2T4 calculations are completed and funds returned within 45 days of notification of the withdrawal. R2T4 calculations are separate from any refund policies of the University.

WITHDRAWAL DATE

As defined by U.S. Department of Education (34 CFR 668.22), a notice of intent to withdraw requires a student to contact an office designated by an institution as the point where the official withdrawal process begins.

At UNC, students are referred to the Office of the Registrar when withdrawing. UNC uses the official withdrawal date documented by the Office of the Registrar for the purpose of calculating the Return of Title IV funds.

Official notification of intent to withdraw occurs when a student notifies the Office of the Registrar of their intent to withdraw (via telephone, in person, or through written notification).

If a student sends a letter to the Office of the Registrar to provide notification of intent to withdraw, the official withdrawal date is the date that the letter is received by the UNC Registrar.

If a student receives all F, I, or UW grades, they are classified as an “Unauthorized Withdrawal” and the 50% point of the individual term or the last date of attendance of the term is used for the Return of Title IV Fund calculation. We advise students to complete all classes, if possible, to avoid any financial hardship imposed by this regulation.

When a student dies the withdraw date cannot be later than the date of the student's death. The University maintains documentation received that the student has died and determines an appropriate withdrawal date. The Office of Financial Aid (OFA) works closely with the Office of the Registrar and Student Account offices when a student had aid disbursed. If the student's aid has not disbursed, then the aid will be canceled depending on the circumstances. In cases of death, UNC makes no post-withdrawal disbursements.

UNIVERSITY CHARGES

University charges used for R2T4 calculation are tuition and fees, university billed room and board, and other charges that are paid directly to the University. Fees that are required of all students in a program are included in the calculation. Health insurance charges and required course materials that can be purchased outside of the University, such as books, are not included in the calculation. Incidental charges such as a parking pass or a lost ID are not included.

PERCENTAGE OF AID EARNED

A student's percentage of earned aid is the number of calendar days a student attends divided by the number of calendar days in a term. Institutionally scheduled breaks of five or more consecutive days are excluded from the calculation. The day a student withdraws is counted as a day of attendance. If a student withdraws during a break period, the last day prior to the break is used as the last day of attendance. The official withdrawal date recorded by the Office or the Registrar is used as the last day a student engages.

EARNED/UNEARNED FEDERAL AID

Earned federal financial aid is prorated according to the percentage of the individual term completed. The amount of unearned federal aid is the total amount of federal aid less the portion of earned federal aid.

The amount of unearned federal aid is divided into two categories: (A) Unearned aid attributed to university charges (tuition and fees) and (B) unearned aid attributed to all other expenses (non-university expenses). Regardless of the order and method in which tuition and fees are paid, unearned federal aid is attributed toward university charges first, then toward non-university expenses.

UNC returns all unearned federal aid attributed to university charges. This means a portion of tuition and fees may no longer be covered by financial aid, and the student is liable for the balance of the University charges. All unearned federal aid attributed to university charges is subject to immediate repayment by the student.

Unearned federal aid for non-university expenses allocated to the federal loan programs does not require immediate repayment. The regulation allows repayment to be made following regular repayment procedures for federal loans.

Federal grant repayment is limited to 50% of the unearned aid allocation.

Unearned aid is allocated and/or returned in the following order: Unsubsidized Federal Stafford Loan; Subsidized Federal Stafford Loan; Federal Perkins Loan; Federal PLUS Loan; Federal Pell Grant; and Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (FSEOG)

FORMULAS USED IN R2T4

- $\% \text{ of earned federal aid} = (\text{number of calendar days completed}) / (\text{number of calendar days in the enrollment term}) \times 100$. Breaks of 5 or more days are excluded.
- $\% \text{ of unearned federal aid} = 100\% - (\% \text{ of earned federal aid})$
- $\text{Total amount of unearned federal aid} = (\% \text{ of unearned federal aid}) \times (\text{total amount of federal aid disbursed})$
- $\text{Amount of unearned aid attributed to university charges} = (\% \text{ of unearned federal aid}) \times (\text{university charges})$
- $\text{Amount of unearned aid attributed to non-university expenses} = (\text{total amount of unearned federal aid}) - (\text{amount of unearned aid attributed to university charges})$

R2T4 EXAMPLE

A student completes 40 days of a 110-day enrollment period. He received a total of \$2,650 in federal financial aid as follows: \$1,650 Federal Pell Grant; \$1,000 Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant (FSEOG). Their total university charges are \$1,200.00.

1. % of earned federal aid = $40/110 = 36.4\%$
2. % of unearned federal aid = $100\% - 36.4\% = 63.6\%$
3. Total amount of unearned federal aid = $63.6\% \times \$2,650.00 = \$1,685.40$
4. Amount of unearned federal aid attributed to university charges = $63.6\% \times \$1,200.00 = \763.20
 - a. The school must return \$763 to the Federal Pell Grant program. The student must repay the full amount since the return of grant funds occurred under the University charges category.
 - b. The remaining amount of the student's Federal Pell Grant = $\$1,650.00 - \$763.20 = \$886.80$
5. Amount of unearned federal aid attributed to non-university expenses = $\$1,685.40 - \$763.20 = \$922.20$
 - a. \$886.80 is allocated to the Federal Pell Grant. Federal regulation requires the student pay only 50% of the initial allocation. The student must pay \$444 back to the Federal Pell Grant program.
 - b. $\$922.20 - \$886.80 = \$35.40$ is allocated to FSEOG. Federal regulation requires the student pay only 50% of the initial allocation. The student must pay \$18 back to the FSEOG program.
 - c. The student must repay a total of $\$444 + \$18 = \$462$ under this category. UNC returns these funds to the respective programs and bills the student for repayment.
6. The student owes a total of \$1,206 in unearned federal aid: \$763 for university charges and \$444 for non-university expenses.

POST-WITHDRAWAL DISBURSEMENT

If the amount disbursed to the student is less than the amount the student earned, and the student is eligible for the funds, the student may be eligible for a post-withdrawal disbursement. A student is eligible for a post-withdrawal disbursement of aid if the student has met the required conditions necessary for a late disbursement. These conditions include a student having a valid SAR/ISIR with an official EFC and a university originated loan; originated prior to the withdrawal date.

Post-withdrawal disbursements are made within 180 days of the date the institution determines the student withdrew. Loan funds are disbursed within this timeframe when a student or parent confirms they accept the loan amounts. UNC determines how much a student is eligible for in a post-withdrawal disbursement by using the return calculation and entering the aid as aid that could have been disbursed.

UNC makes the post-withdrawal disbursement of grant funds no later than 45 days after the date the school determined the student withdrew (34 CFR 668.22 (a) (5) (ii) (B) (1)).

If a student is eligible for a post-withdrawal disbursement in grants and loans, the disbursement is from the available grant funds first and then the loans as stated in 34 CFR 668.22 (5) (i).

UNC informs the parent or student in writing of their acceptance/possibility of a post-withdrawal disbursement of loans within 30 days of the University's determined date of withdrawal. This notification includes information that:

- Identifies the type and amount of the loan funds UNC wishes to make to the student's account or disburse directly to the student or parent.
- Explains to the student or parent they may accept or decline all, or a portion of the funds.
- Explains to the student or parent the obligation to repay the loan funds whether the funds are disbursed to the student's account, or the student or parent receives the credit balance from the loan.
- Points out advantages of keeping loan debt to a minimum.
- Makes clear that a student and/or parent may not receive a direct disbursement of loan funds that the institution wishes to credit to the student's account unless the institution agrees to do so.
- Makes clear to the parent or student they do not have to accept some or all the loan funds and UNC will not disburse those funds. The confirmation of the amount of loan funds accepted must be received in writing.
- Includes the deadline for response from the student or parent. UNC sets a deadline of 14 days as of the date the letter is sent to the student or parent. UNC makes it clear that if the student or parent does not respond the University is not required to make a post withdrawal disbursement. However, UNC may choose to accept a late response from the student or parent if the University chooses. If the University chooses not to make the post withdrawal disbursement because of a late response UNC must notify the student or parent why they chose not to make the disbursement and that notification must be in writing.
- Makes clear that UNC documents and maintains the result of the notification process and final disbursement determination.

UNC does not need the student's permission to make a post-withdrawal disbursement of grant funds if the funds would pay down current charges on a student's account. However, UNC must have the student's permission to use the grant funds for charges other than current charges on a student's account. If a student contacts the University and does not wish to have the grant funds disbursed, then the University is not required to disburse the funds. UNC must receive the request in writing for documentation with Bear email being an acceptable written confirmation (34 CFR 668.22(a) (5) (iii) (A)).

UNOFFICIAL WITHDRAWALS

There are two types of unofficial withdrawals. The first is when a student does not begin the withdrawal process or notify the school of the intent to withdraw (possible examples might include but are not limited to illness, accident, grievous personal loss, or other circumstances beyond the student's control). The withdrawal date is the date the University

determines that the student ceased attendance because of circumstances beyond the student's control (34 CFR 668.22 (c)(1)(iv)).

The second type of unofficial withdrawal is all other withdrawals where official notification is not provided by the student. In these circumstances the withdraw date is the midpoint of the payment period (50%) or the last date of participation in an academically related activity. (34 CFR 668.22 (c)(1)(iii))

For unofficial withdrawals, the University must determine a student's withdrawal date within 30 calendar days from the earlier of the end of the payment period, the end of the academic year, or the end of the student's educational program (34 CFR 668.22 (j)(2)).

Additionally, if a student fails to earn passing grades in all course(s) attempted, the University must determine if the student earned the failing grades by completing the course(s) for the semester, or if the student has unofficially withdrawn (DCL GEN-04-03, February 2004). This process is initiated and finalized through OFA utilizing the last date of attendance as recorded in the University ERP (Banner) system and/or the institutionally adopted Learning Management System, Canvas.

REGULATORY EXEMPTIONS TO THE WITHDRAWAL POLICY

The following regulations as outlined in 34 CFR 668.22 (a) are in effect for UNC students: If any of the following 4 exemptions are in place a student is NOT considered withdrawn for R2T4 purposes.

- A student completes all requirements for graduation.
- A student successfully completes one module that includes 49% or more of the number of days in the payment period. Successful completion means a passing grade.
- A student completes coursework equal to or greater than the courses determined to be half-time (6 credits for undergraduate, 5 credits for graduate).
- A student provides written confirmation that they will begin another course no later than 45 days after the end of the module the student ceased attending.

In addition, UNC is following regulation 34 CFR 668.22 (l) and does not use a R2T4 freeze date. Following is information on this regulation.

If a student in modules does not qualify for one of the 4 exemptions and withdraws, their R2T4 denominator (days in the enrollment period) is based on the days in the modules that determined they received Title IV aid. Thus, if a graduate student signs up for 5 credits over 2 separate modules, their loan disburses, they successfully complete the first module for 2 credits, and then they drop/withdraw from the second module which is 3 credits, their R2T4 calculation would include the total combined days of the 1st and 2nd module because those modules determined the student qualified for a Stafford loan at 5 credits. For example, a graduate student with Stafford loans signs up for module one and module two, both for 18 days each. The student completes module one and then withdraws. Since their Title IV aid was based on both modules, the days in the enrollment period for this calculation is 36 days, they successfully completed 18 days, so their completion rate is 50%. Because they have not completed 60% of the days of their courses, the R2T4 calculation requires Title IV aid to be returned to the government.

Following 34 CFR 668.22(a)(2)(ii)(A)(6), UNC has early implemented the Title IV Waiver which if a school does not charge a student who drops all courses, all Title IV funds will be returned.