Breaking Down the Misheard Lyrics of Hozier's "Take Me to Church"

What Hozier said: "I'll worship like a dog at the shrine of your lies"

What people heard: "I'll wash you like a doll in the Saturday light"

"Worship" vs "Wash you"

- Start with voiced, gliding /w/
- Contain central position /a/ sound
- Two syllables
- Second syllable starts with /f/ sound

"Dog" vs "Doll"

- Hozier drops the /g/ in dog, a hard, voiced, stop.
- Both words share the stop /d/
- And similar vowel sounds /a/ and /3/
- The listener's brain explains its absence by putting an approximate /l/ sound in its place.

Poster by Sophie McLaughlin

Segment Insertion - Inserting an additional sound by mistake when pushing air in or out of your mouth.

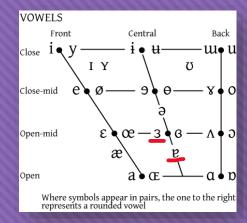
 Hozier does this when he emphasizes the break between syllables in /w3r-flp/, making them sound like two separate words.

Segment Deletion - Dropping sounds from a word to make pronunciation easier.

 Hozier nearly drops the /r/ in worship's first coda. Since /r/ is an approximant and doesn't cause audible friction, it's more difficult to enunciate and the voicing requires more effort. Instead, Hozier blends it with the more recognizable fricative of /ʃ/.

"Lies" vs "Light"

- Hozier doesn't pronounce the alveolar /z/ in lies
- Our brain replaces it with the alveolar /t/.



Shrine of your" vs "Saturday"

- /s/ and /ʃ/ are very similar sounds
- Both have 3 syllables:
 - /ʃraɪn əv jʊər/
 - /Sæ-t**ə**r-de/
- "Saturday" is simpler and easier to say
- /ai =/æ/
- /ʊər/ = /ə/
- fricative /v/ = approximate /r/

THE INTERNATIONAL PHONETIC ALPHABET (revised to 2015) CONSONANTS (PULMONIC) © 2015 IPA Bilabial Labiodental Dental Alveolar Postalveolar Retroflex Palatal Uvular Pharyngeal Glottal pb t d CI kq qG Plosive m n N m η n 17 B R Trill V Tap or Flap φβ 138261 XXXX Phh f v O ð s z Fricative Lateral fricative v щ L

Symbols to the right in a cell are voiced, to the left are voiceless. Shaded areas denote articulations judged impossible

